

THE PROVEN SYSTEM OF TASK AND TIME MANAGEMENT

THE ONE MINUTE TO-DO LIST

Second Edition



QUICKLY GET
YOUR CHAOS
COMPLETELY
UNDER CONTROL

MICHAEL LINENBERGER
AUTHOR OF *MASTER YOUR WORKDAY NOW!*



The One Minute To-Do List

Second Edition



Michael Linenberger

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Cover photograph of Michael Linenberger by Joe Burull

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Introduction

Are You Feeling Overwhelmed?

I bet you picked up this book because you are feeling overwhelmed—either a little or a lot. Perhaps you feel that tasks and e-mail are flying in too fast and productive work is getting buried under constant emergencies. Or maybe you are even feeling that your workday is *completely* out of control—that you are behind on *everything* and hopelessly overburdened. If any of this sounds like your situation—great!

Wait, why is that *great*? Because you're going to be very happy with the amazingly rapid relief this short book will give to you. By reading only to the end of Chapter 1—just a few short pages away—you will gain significant order in your chaotic workday and enjoy a refreshing contrast with your present state. Then, by reading just a little further—through Chapter 3—you'll have mastered a set of tools that will allow you to permanently get control of your workday.

The rest of the book will be icing on the cake—providing a complete system to keep you ahead of your busy workload in all situations.

By the way, don't feel bad if you *are* feeling completely overwhelmed; you're not alone. Nearly all busy people these days are overloaded with work. That's especially true given all the e-mail we get and the additional work that brings. A recent Harris poll says 80 percent of people do not like their jobs. Most people say the problem is that they are overworked—that they have too much on their plate. So, it makes sense that you feel the same way.

But there is a solution. Tens of thousands of people have gained control by using the simple to-do list approach in this book, which I call the One Minute To-Do List, and the reports are outstanding. For example, Ted Sampson says that for the first time ever he can make sense of all the work he has—he says he can see his priorities clearly and he can now master what needs to get done. Amy Brown reports that her new One Minute To-Do List has saved her *career* because she is finally able to meet the expectations of her demanding boss. James Frederick says it has even saved his *life*. How? His health was deteriorating from the stress of being constantly behind at work; he says with the One Minute To-Do List in place, that stress is now gone. These are typical results people experience from adding the simple tool taught in this book.

Why Most To-Do Lists Don't Work

Many of us attempt to use a to-do list to try to get our chaos under control. We do that hoping to gain a sense of order—and, of course, we do it to try to get things done. Gaining a sense of order is something we all hope for. We think if we can just get a clear picture of our current responsibilities, then everything will calm down and make more sense. And we hope that doing that will give us a leg up on our work.

But most people fail when creating and using a to-do list. The list usually gets too big and unbearable, or it ends up focusing on the wrong things first. When we look at a poorly created list, it just *adds* stress to our day rather than *solving* it. Because of that, most people give up on using their lists—particularly ones they create on their computer or smartphone.

But a to-do list, if properly created, *can* really help solve this problem. It's all about *prioritizing* correctly—that's what a good to-do list should do for you. But, surprisingly, almost none of them are able to help us prioritize our work correctly.

How come we fail at prioritizing?

First of all, it takes more than just making a list! You need to create a to-do list *smartly*. The knee-jerk approach—to simply list all your to-dos and put your most “important” tasks first—just doesn't work anymore, not with the high volumes of work tasks we all have these days.

And if you try to find training on this topic, good luck! You'll find that most to-do list and time management training is based on 75-year-old principles—ones that no longer work.

The core problem is that our ranking of high importance is too *broad*, so the list of high-priority items quickly gets way too big—everything looks important. When the list is too long, we feel demoralized by our inability to make progress on it. Or that list seems to focus on the wrong things at the wrong times. We quickly give up with a sense that it just isn't working. And so we fall right back into a sense of frustration, overwhelm, and even guilt—guilt for not being able to keep up.

The Solution: The One Minute To-Do List

But it doesn't have to be that way. A to-do list, if done right, really *can* be the solution.

A good to-do list *can* show you what your most important next work to do is. A good to-do list approach *will* control the size of that list so you do not feel overwhelmed by it. A good to-do list system *should* help you do the work smartly and efficiently; it can make sure the work you do next is the right work. And it *can* truly get your workday under control.

In this book you will learn a simple and very effective “one minute” to-do list system that does all that. It's a to-do

list that tells you clearly what you need to do next. It's a to-do list that is easy to keep up to date. It's a to-do list that won't overwhelm you. It works just right, so you'll feel in control and on top of your day.

Why do I call this a "*one minute*" to-do list? Because it takes only one minute to get started with it—to get it populated for the first time. The result is an almost immediate sense of stress relief. It also takes only one minute to review the list each time you refer to it—to see exactly what's pressing for the day and what isn't.

The benefits of this one minute system are huge. Your sense of chaos at work goes away. You'll get the right things done on time, and you won't waste time on the wrong things. The One Minute To-Do List removes uncertainty about what you need to do, and helps you focus on the right things. You end up feeling—and *being*—in control.

A Long-Proven System

By the way, this is a long-proven system—you can trust that you are using the best! The One Minute To-Do List is a simple version of the to-do list training given to tens of thousands of workers (just like you) who now have their workdays under control (just like you will!). The One Minute To-Do List is a quick implementation of a system called the Master Your Now! (MYN) system. That system is the basis of my many best-selling books, read by over 50,000 people and used in my daylong corporate seminars. But you don't

need to take those. Rather, in this new book, the system you will use has been greatly simplified and succinctly presented. So, in just a few short chapters, you'll learn how to control your workday too, without long study or training.

Where the One Minute To-Do List Comes From

I developed this simple to-do list system while I was in the trenches of some very busy companies—while I was working, just like you, in a typically overloaded workplace.

I put the first version of the system in place when I was a VP at the large management consultancy firm Accenture. There, as a result of the system, I greatly increased my workday efficiency. I later enhanced the system while leading the Project Management Center of Excellence at AAA and made it standard training there. My experience as the head of all technology for the US Peace Corps helped instill my appreciation for keeping technology solutions simple, and that led to the simplicity of this system.

I first started training the system in 2006 for use specifically with Microsoft Outlook. I released a book on it that year titled *Total Workday Control Using Microsoft Outlook*. That book quickly became the #1 best-selling book on Outlook and has remained in that position to this day, nine years later; that book is now on its fifth edition. It teaches the full MYN system and it has changed the lives of tens of thousands of Outlook users.

I added a paper approach in 2010 in my book *Master Your*

Workday Now! The month that book was released it instantly became the #1 best-selling time management book on Amazon. That book presented the paper version of this to-do list system, called the *Workday Mastery To-Do List*. You are going to learn essentially the same material, here, in just a few simple chapters.

Widely Used in Corporate America

The MYN system has been part of the standard productivity training at John Deere, Kohl's department stores, Comcast, and at many other companies. It has been taught and is in use by many at GE, the US Coast Guard, Pfizer, Shell Oil, Microsoft, American Health Care Association, Merrill Lynch, Blue Cross Blue Shield, and in many other companies. So, as you can see, you are about to start with a proven and powerful system. And you'll get started in just a minute.

What's in This Book

My earlier books about MYN, the "parent" of this system, are over 400 pages each. That's because there is a lot more material in those books than just learning how to manage a task list. But in this book, the one you are holding in your hand, I have simplified the content greatly to focus on just one thing: getting tasks under control quickly. I call this simplified version of the system the *One Minute To-Do List*, or *1MTD* for short. I think that title really captures the quickness and power of what you are about to learn. And I present this simple system, step by step, in the chapters ahead.

Chapter by Chapter Guide

So, what's in each of the chapters ahead? And do you need to read them all?

This book was designed to be a very quick read. Within the first three chapters you'll have the core material down. In fact, you'll get instant relief just by reading Chapter 1; in that chapter I give you a 60-second quick start, showing you how to do the 1MTD quickly on paper. If your day feels chaotic right now, get going right away on that short chapter and enjoy the benefits immediately. Chapter 1 serves as the basis for the rest of the book.

In Chapter 2, I teach the *principles* behind the to-do list so you can understand why it works. Not everyone needs to read this chapter—but I hope you do; it's interesting!

In Chapter 3, I teach you some easy rules to follow that help keep this to-do list as powerful as it is. This is the last truly required chapter. If you were to make your to-do list on paper, you could stop reading here and you'd have the solution you need. But I think most people will want to learn how to automate this list on their computers, so read on!

In Chapters 4, 5, and 6, you'll learn how to automate the 1MTD. Automating it is purely optional, but doing so makes it more flexible—and more powerful. To that end, I first show you how to create the 1MTD in a simple computer text document. I then introduce you to software that focuses on to-do list management. I show you two of these—Microsoft Outlook's task module and a simple tool

called Toodledo—and I show you how to use each. Outlook is used in most companies and so is an obvious choice. I added the latter tool, Toodledo, because it works on the largest variety of hardware—PCs, Macs, tablets, and smartphones—so it’s a very versatile solution. It’s also one of the most powerful choices out there; and it’s free!

Then, in Chapter 7, I show you the power of converting e-mails into tasks and how that helps you get control of your e-mail and your workday.

In Chapter 8, I show you how to take your 1MTD with you on a smartphone or tablet.

Chapter 9 is an advanced chapter. There I teach you the remaining core lessons that make the 1MTD into a full MYN task list. You’ll want to read and learn this if you find you are accumulating a lot of tasks in your to-do list—this chapter shows you how to master even a huge number of tasks.

Videos Linked in This Book

By the way, on a few pages of the book ahead you will see links to a small number of free videos that will help you understand the concepts on the page. Feel free to watch those as needed. These free videos are a small part of the larger video class version of the more advanced MYN system. If you know now you’ll need maximum control of e-mail and tasks, you might want to consider purchasing the entire video class and moving directly to that full system.

Also, at the link below I provide a free PDF e-book copy

of this book—the entire book—so you can take it with you on your computer or e-reader. Go to:

www.1mtd.biz/free1MTD.htm.

Let's Get Started

So, let's get started now. In the first short chapter you are going to jump right into creating your first 1MTD. Within 60 seconds, you'll have a taste of how easy and powerful this to-do list system can be.

1

60 Seconds to Workday Relief!

Learning the One Minute To-Do List (1MTD) is fast. In fact, you can learn it right now—at least at a starter level—in about 60 seconds! To get going, I'll have you take one minute to do a brain dump of things that are nagging you right now, using the 1MTD approach.

We're going to do this on paper. Find two blank sheets of paper—either loose sheets or in a notebook. Or use the two blank pages in the book ahead. And get a pen or pencil handy.

By the way, you might be tempted to do this first exercise on a computer or mobile device—that is, type it in. If you don't mind, please hold off on that for a bit; I will show you the best ways to use a computer or mobile device in later chapters. For now, to get the one-minute experience quickly, just use a pen or pencil and some paper.

Your Critical Now List

On your first sheet of paper, or on the blank page ahead in the book, you are going to create two sections or “zones.” I call these *urgency zones* and I will explain why in a later chapter.

The first urgency zone is called *Critical Now*. Write that phrase at the top left of your page: Critical Now. (That label is already on the blank page.)

Now let’s make a list. List anything on your mind that you know is *absolutely due today*. Just consider what is making you nervous today. Think about what to-dos would impact you quite negatively if you did not complete them today. Write down anything that comes to mind, but don’t spend more than 20 seconds on it—this is a quick brain dump. Later, you can flesh this list out a bit more.

Also keep in mind, this list may be empty; I really only want you to write tasks that absolutely must be done today. Do not write down things you’d merely *like* to do today or things that just *seem* important. No, only list things that are *absolutely due today*. If there is nothing like that, that’s okay, leave it empty.

Your Opportunity Now List

Next, about one-third of the way down the page, write the heading *Opportunity Now*.

Now make a list in this section. List here those tasks that, though not urgently due now, you would work on now *if*

you had the opportunity. Include things that may be due tomorrow, or later this week, or even as far out as ten days.

What do I mean by “if you had the opportunity”? Well, for example, I mean tasks you would do once your critical list was done and you had time available; having that time represents an opportunity. Or things you might do now if the right person walked by your desk and you were able to talk to them and move a task forward. Or, things you might do now if you were suddenly inspired to do them—inspiration can be an opportunity as well. All of these represent opportunities to address work even though that work is not due for up to ten days. In the next chapter I’ll tell you where that ten-day cutoff comes from—why it is so meaningful.

Take 20 seconds to write those things down now. You don’t need to be exhaustive—just record what first comes to mind. You can add more later. And if you think of anything that can wait longer than ten days, put it in the section I describe next.

Your Over-the-Horizon List

Finally, the third urgency zone is called the *Over-the-Horizon* zone. For this early exercise, you will create that list on your second page, either using the pre-labeled page in the book ahead or your own second blank sheet of paper. If using your own paper, label it “Over-the-Horizon.”

Now, write down here anything on your mind that can wait ten days or more for you to get to.

Critical Now

Opportunity Now

Over-the-Horizon

Items here are obviously your slow-burn items. These are things that are not troubling you right now as being at all urgent. But even though they are beyond your “concern horizon” (thus the term Over-the-Horizon), it is good to record them so you do not lose them; they may become more urgent later. Recording them now gives you a way to revisit them in a week or so—to check in on their fluctuating urgency.

So, do that now. Take 20 seconds and write them down. As with the previous section, there is no need to be exhaustive at this point. This exercise is just to get you started using the system; you can of course come back to this list later to make it more complete. The idea is to get whatever is *on* your mind written down, and so, *off* your mind—thus bringing you some mental relief.

What You’ve Just Done

Congratulations! You have just started using a very powerful, effective, and *simple* to-do list. In fact, it may seem *too* simple to you. The truth is, it is deceptively simple. But don’t let the simplicity of the system fool you; this approach is incredibly powerful.

So, what have you really just done?

Well, first of all, you have probably lowered your stress level greatly. If any of those things you wrote down were previously bouncing around in your mind and causing you

anxiety, you've now confidently recorded them in one compact list that you can rely on.

You can rely on the list because the first page represents all you need to worry about *today*, with the things urgently due today listed right at the top. This short list is your "concern list" for today.

You've also created a place to store slow-burn items (the second page)—items that you'd like to get recorded and off your mind.

This to-do list approach is particularly useful because it emphasizes urgency. It is urgency that causes your stress level to rise at work, and it is urgency that you should manage first. This system addresses that directly. I'll talk more about the difference between urgency and importance in the next chapter, and why this urgency approach is so powerful.

So, now that you have this three-part to-do list, update it throughout the day as new things present themselves or as priorities change. Update it as you think of things you did not recall when you started the list. For example, if you keep lists elsewhere, now is a good time to go find them and copy items into this list. You want all your needed actions listed in one place—make this that place. That includes your e-mail inbox, by the way; if you have an e-mail in there with actions due (other than a simple reply), write a one-line summary of that action in your list too.

Carry this list with you everywhere you go. Put it in your pocket or handbag; or if you carry a paper calendar journal, slip it in the front of it. You will feel the stress drain off your day as you start to realize you've got everything together now. Enjoy it!

Wrap-up

Next, I want to show you why this system works so well. The next chapter is optional, but I think you will like it.

2

Urgency Zones: The Key to Workday Control

You just saw *how* to make this to-do list; now let's see *why* this to-do list works so well. Even though it looks incredibly simple, don't be deceived—there is a deep and powerful design behind it.

And by the way, this chapter is optional—let's just say it's for people who are curious about why the list works and what the principles behind it are. I do hope you read it—I think you will find it very interesting. But if you would rather just keep moving and continue learning how to *use* the to-do list, feel free to skip to the next chapter. You can always come back to this one.

If Everything Is Important, Nothing Is

You would think using a to-do list would be easy. You simply make a list of things to do, mark their relative priority, and start working at the top of the list, right?

Wrong. Most people create and use a to-do list incorrectly—they do that because they emphasize *the wrong things*. In other words, they *prioritize* wrong. And the common reason for misprioritizing is being confused about the right way to *measure importance*. The result is that the high-priority section of the to-do list ends up being way overloaded—it displays too many items. Then, if *everything* is important, *nothing really is*, and the list becomes useless. Or, even in a short list, the wrong items get put there.

Why does this happen?

The problem is this: there is almost always some way to measure a task as being important. Here is a quick brainstorm of some different ways a task can be labeled as having high importance.

- It might be important in a timely way, i.e., urgent.
- It might be important for your career.
- It might lead in the direction of one of your important goals.
- It might match one of your important values.
- It might have a long-term impact if not attended to.
- It might be good for your health.
- It might be fun.
- It might be something you have put off a long time.
- It might be something that makes you feel guilty.
- It might be something that inspires you.
- It might be something you feel responsible for.
- It might seem morally correct.

- It might be required by someone.
- It might be important to someone you care about.
- It might be important to your boss.
- It might be important to your company.
- It might be something someone is angry about.
- I could go on and on.

The problem is, nearly any task can be labeled important based on one of these measures. Asking yourself “Is this important?” will yield a “yes” answer to way too many tasks. So, we tend to put a lot of things in the important category—the *high* priority. And that just can’t work. We cannot manage our work when all of our tasks are in the high-priority section.

And if we attempt to trim the list, it’s hard to do. Which of the above criteria should rule? And then if we *force* a trim, we randomly eliminate tasks with no clear reason, and then we lose faith that the tasks remaining on the list really *do* represent what we really need to focus on. And we stop using the list.

The other thing that happens is, in the heat of the business day, when we come to things that are prioritized wrong, we just skip over them—we see they don’t help reduce our anxiety about getting ahead of our current fires, so we move on to things that do. Since the list remains stuffed with things that don’t get done, we give up on it.

Control Urgency to Focus on Important Work

The beauty of the One Minute To-Do List (1MTD) system is that it uses one and only one of the above criteria as a means for identifying what goes into each priority, and that's *urgency*. There is no confusion—you simply have to ask yourself the question: "Is it absolutely, positively due today?" If "yes," then you put it in the Critical Now section. If you want it in the next week or so, it goes in the Opportunity Now section. If the answer is it can wait over ten days, it goes in the Over-the-Horizon section.

This unequivocal criterion of urgency is the main reason this to-do list is so simple and so usable. And the fact that it keeps the high-priority section from overflowing gives you faith in the list. It's also why so many people are successful with the 1MTD system—why they say it is the first to-do list system that has ever worked for them.

The result is that once you start using the 1MTD system, your urgent items will come under control, and you can now start to focus on your lower-urgency but very *important* tasks.

For example, I spend a little bit of time every morning using the 1MTD to make sure my urgent tasks are attended to. Then I take a deep breath, give a sigh of relief, and switch over to my more significant but less urgent work. It feels great because I know there is nothing that is about to unexpectedly bite me—I have all urgent items well in view and under control. In that relaxed and more creative state I can

do much better work advancing my important and significant projects.

Critical Now Provides Crystal Clarity

Again, you may feel that the system seems just too simple. You may think, “It’s just using three priority levels, and basing the priority on urgency; I’ve done that before.” But in fact, there is much more to this system than that. For example, the system incorporates a number of powerful and unique rules that ensure that it works day after day. I will cover them in the next chapter.

Furthermore, while the system seems simple and almost obvious, it emphasizes some subtle but very solid principles. First of all, it’s my experience, and the experience of most others, that the most common source of urgency is an impending deadline of *today*. The statement “This is absolutely due today” sets on fire almost any action request. It removes any tendency to ignore a task till later. That’s why the most urgent section in the 1MTD system is defined by tasks that are due today, the Critical Now section.

It’s important to make that designation crystal clear and in a single list that is very visible—but most of us don’t do that. Rather, most of us have urgent tasks scattered on sticky notes or buried in e-mails or in voice mails. And that’s too bad, because if you’re not absolutely clear about what’s due today, you will lose track of urgent items and you will tend to drift over to lower-priority activities. You can then

lose sight of urgent items until they are actually *overdue* and causing damage.

Having that list crystal clear greatly reduces our workday stress, because we know exactly what we need to apply our intense and urgent focus on, and what we don't. And best of all, we know when we can relax our intense focus—when those items are done. One of the best rewards of using this system comes at the end of the day, when you look at the critical list and see it is empty. At that moment you can say to yourself, "I am done with everything urgent" and you can complete your day's work feeling relaxed and confident.

Why Ten Days?

The other brilliant thing about this system is that ten-day cutoff between the Opportunity Now zone and the Over-the-Horizon zone. It's not arbitrary; it was chosen carefully and it works very well at controlling our urgency.

So, where did that ten-day cutoff come from? It came from my years of working with and observing very busy people. I found that most people tend to relax their anxiety about a big task or project if its deadline is beyond one or two weeks out. Ask somebody if they can fit in a new half-day project in the next ten days and they'll say no. But ask them if they can get it done beyond ten days and they'll usually say yes, they can. It's not that people are any less busy beyond ten days; it's just that they emotionally relax

when gazing out beyond that. It turns out that it's a very common psychological quirk we all have, and at about ten days is where it kicks in.

It's good to be aware of that quirk because it gives us a way to unload our list of highest concerns. Simply set the date of a task beyond ten days and you will suddenly relax about it. That gives us a way to limit the size of the list you *do* worry about—you'll see in a moment why that is so important.

The Opportunity Now Zone

That ten-day limit delineates the further edge of the middle list, those items in the Opportunity Now zone. Items due within one to ten days are the things you *do* want to keep your eyes on in the days ahead. While they're not absolutely due today, you'll see it's good to keep these in daily sight because they may become more urgent in the near future. And as you have time in the day to get lower priority things done, it's good to have that list at hand to pick from.

It's also a good place to put tasks that you want to think about a day or two more to decide upon their urgency; this way you can keep them in sight and consider their importance more fully. Nearly all my new tasks, if not really pressing, I put first in the Opportunity Now section. Then, later, I move many of them into the Over-the-Horizon section as the test of time shows me that they can wait. You'll

develop a natural routine of considering new tasks and triaging them into the three urgency zones—that routine, and 1MTD, keeps you well ahead of your work.

The Over-the-Horizon Zone

That ten-day limit also delineates the start of the last list, those items in the Over-the-Horizon zone. Many items just are not that urgent—they can wait quite a while, past ten days. If you know they can, you should list them in the Over-the-Horizon section. By definition, you worry much less about the items here, if at all.

In fact, while ten days is the formal lower limit for when tasks in this zone need attention, most can wait far longer than ten days. And I'll admit it—this zone is a bit of a dumping ground. It's where you put things you want to get off your Opportunity Now list, when that list is getting too long to study every day. It serves that purpose well. We'll talk more about that in the next chapter.

Wrap-up

So, as you can see, urgency zones *rock*. They are a fantastic way to get control of that thing that prevents us all from succeeding at work: out-of-control urgency. Urgency zones show us clearly what we should focus our intense concern on, and what can wait. They give us a way to immediately and unequivocally prioritize our work so that we are not overwhelmed by the chaos of "Everything is a fire" thinking. Ultimately, they clear our psyche so that we can focus

quality time on our most important work while knowing that we are managing our workday just right.

Next, let's see how to manage this list so that it works day after day. I will show you a few simple rules that keep it from getting too big—these rules make sure you track your tasks with appropriate attention.

3

Rule Your To-Dos with Ease

So far you have learned how to divide your tasks into three urgency zones and how that will help get your workday under control. With urgency under control, you can focus more time on your most important work. Ultimately, you get more of your most important tasks done.

But there are some additional rules or guidelines you now need to learn to keep your to-do list well managed. Without these rules, within a few days or weeks your list will fall prey to the same issues that cause other to-do lists or systems to fail.

We Tend to Overload Our Lists

The first rules deal with how many tasks, maximum, you should have in each section. The number one cause of a failed to-do list, particularly those that are automated, is that the list gets too big and overwhelming.

You see, we tend to get enthusiastic about adding tasks to our list; we tend to add too many. And worse, we tend to resist throwing old tasks away once we write them down, even well after their importance has passed. Nearly everyone I know who has tried an automated task list, whether on a computer or a smartphone, has given up after three or four weeks—because the list just gets too big.

The good news is, the 1MTD is much less prone to these kinds of problems. First of all, the definition of the Critical Now section tends to keep it small and reasonably sized. Restricting it to only those tasks that have an absolute due date of today is what makes this possible.

That said, I bet within a week or two your Critical Now list is going to be quite large. Why? Because, in our enthusiasm, we tend to load up the high-priority section with tasks we feel strongly about but that are not really absolutely due. We tend to bite off more than we can chew.

Five or Fewer Critical Now Items

So, to prevent that from happening, here are two rules for the Critical Now list.

First, keep the Critical Now list to five items or fewer. If it gets larger than five items you will not get them done and something important will slip through the cracks.

How do you prevent yourself from loading more than five items in the Critical Now section? That's where the second rule comes in; it's called the *Going Home Test*. When

you are about to place an item in the Critical Now section, ask yourself the following question: “Would I be willing to not go home but instead work late tonight, perhaps even till midnight or beyond, to get this item completed?” If the answer is “no,” don’t put it in the Critical Now list; put it in the Opportunity Now list. This stringent rule will keep your Critical Now section well controlled and easily under five items—perhaps even empty.

Twenty or Fewer Opportunity Now Items

The next rule is for the Opportunity Now list. Recall, this section represents those tasks that are not absolutely due today, but that you would like to *consider* doing today or tomorrow, or within the next ten days.

Since the items you place here are *discretionary*, this section will tend to get big, fast. Why? Because you will tend to add more items than you complete on any given day. To keep it under control, I have a simple rule for this section: limit the number of items here to 20 or fewer.

Why 20 items? Because 20 items is about the maximum number you will scan through and digest in one quick glance. You need to be able to digest this list quickly because it’s the list you look to when you decide what to do when you have some nonurgent time available. Also, it might represent items that are going to be coming due relatively soon, say, in the next day or two. So if, due to its size,

you don't check the list completely every day, something on that list may "pop" and lead to business issues.

That's why I say keep this list to 20 items. It's easy: if the list gets bigger than 20, just identify the lowest-priority items and move them to the Over-the-Horizon list. In this system, the Over-the-Horizon list can get as big as you want, so it becomes a catchall for things that you cannot or need not focus on in the next ten days or so. Move tasks liberally from the Opportunity Now section to the Over-the-Horizon section.

Review Cycles: One Hour, One Day, One Week

The next simple set of rules address how often to review the tasks in each of the three sections.

This is another place where this system works brilliantly. Because all your tasks are divided into urgency zones, the different urgencies allow significantly different cycles of review. This allows you to minimize your time spent inside the to-do list, limiting it to only what is absolutely needed. It's one reason this is called the One Minute To-Do List; your review of the list each day usually takes less than a minute. As a result, the to-do list is lightweight, easy to manage, and easy to keep up with. It's why people say that they succeed with this system when they have failed with others; rather than being overwhelming, the 1MTD system is actually easy to use.

Here are the simple review rules:

- Critical Now items: review approximately once each hour.
- Opportunity Now items: review approximately once each day.
- Over-the-Horizon items: review approximately once each week.

That's it! It can't get much simpler than that.

Let me explain a little why these review cycles are what they are.

First, the Critical Now items are the items that will prevent you from going home. By definition these are tasks that must be done today. So it is to your benefit to get them done early in the day. Doing so prevents a pileup of too many urgent tasks at the end of the day. Checking this list early and often ensures that you will provide adequate runway to get the urgent things done on time. It allows you, for example, to make phone calls at the optimal time of the day. It allows you to spend open time in the middle of the day to get your urgent tasks done—instead of, say, cruising e-mail and then cramming in all the urgent tasks after work hours. Checking this list hourly keeps you well ahead of your day—it keeps you laser focused.

Next, the Opportunity Now list includes items that may be due later in the week, just not now. It may include small issues that could mushroom into larger ones if you don't keep an eye on them. The most urgent tasks on the Opportunity Now list are items that may be coming due *tomorrow*.

This is why I recommend you check the list at least once a day so that you can spot an impending deadline, or a mushrooming issue, and escalate it before it blows up.

Finally, the third zone—the Over-the-Horizon list—represents tasks that you do not need to worry about for ten days or longer, perhaps much longer. So it makes sense that if you check this list once every week you will catch any item that may become important within the ten-day window. This list tends to get very big over time, so you don't want to check it more often than weekly or you'll become jaded with the list. Once a week is just the right review cycle for this list.

By the way, I recommend you do this review each Monday. That way, if you see any item that may become more important during the week, you can plan for it. I even recommend you put a Monday morning entry on your calendar to remind you to do this.

Write Deadlines in the Subject Line (and Use Your Calendar)

I mentioned that some tasks may have deadlines later in the week or even further out. How do you indicate the due dates for those tasks? Some automated systems allow you to set due dates that trigger alarms; we'll talk about those later in the book (Chapter 9). In the meantime, just do this: write the due date at the head of the subject line for the task. So, for example, write "DUE April 15 Submit Taxes."

This way, when you scan the Opportunity Now or Over-the-Horizon lists, you can see upcoming deadlines and keep your eye on them. When a due day arrives, move the task to the Critical Now section.

In the rare instances when a super-urgent or very important deadline is well in the future, I recommend you also make an entry on your automated calendar (I assume you have one) and set a reminder on it so that you are alerted well ahead of time. But that shouldn't happen too often.

By the way, please set due dates only for tasks that actually have deadlines. Do not succumb to older time-management recommendations to put artificial due dates on all tasks to try to trick yourself into getting them done. Doing that usually fails—we just skip the task anyway—and it often leads to larger problems. It is my experience that relatively few tasks have true, absolute deadlines; reserve due date entries only for those.

Next Actions: Write Only the Very Next Step

One last thing: I encourage you to write only *next actions* on your to-do list. What do I mean by that? I mean, don't write large, general tasks on your list like "Landscape garden" or "Performance reviews." These tasks are too big and you won't know how to start them when you see them on your list. You'll tend to skip over them and you will never get them done.

Instead, identify the best very next action for each item and write that on your list. For example, instead of “Landscape garden” write “Call Jim and get name of his landscaper.” Instead of “Performance reviews” write “Schedule dates of performance reviews.” These items are specific steps that you can act on when you see them. Take the time to figure out what these steps are as you write down your tasks—you’ll be glad you did. By the way, this concept of next actions has been around for decades, but I thank the author David Allen for highlighting their importance in his recent books.

Summary of One Minute To-Do List Rules

So, in summary, keep five or fewer items in the Critical Now list. Keep 20 or fewer items in the Opportunity Now list. And move everything else to the Over-the-Horizon list.

Review the Critical Now list approximately once each hour. Review the Opportunity Now list at least once per day. And review the Over-the-Horizon list once per week.

Do not include a deadline unless it is really needed. If needed, place the deadline date right in the subject line of the task. For crucial deadlines, consider using your automated calendar and setting an alarm on it.

Write all tasks as next actions—that is, as the next steps to take to get a larger task done.

Because these rules are so simple and so easy to remember, you’ll find they lead to a very lightweight and

easy-to-use system. Over and over again I hear from my readers and workshop attendees that they are grateful to finally have a simple to-do list system that really works. I think you'll find this to be true for you too. Let me share with you some of the typical experiences I hear from users.

Real-Life Experiences

Here are a few real-life stories of 1MTD users.

James

James is a busy engineer who gets far more tasks than he knows what to do with, but he has made sense out of them using 1MTD. Every morning he first checks his Critical Now list to see what things may be due today and confirms that he can get them done in his available nonmeeting time that day. He then scans his Opportunity Now list and moves any items that have become critical for today to the Critical Now list. He's now done with his morning scan and can start working tasks and attending meetings.

Throughout the day, as he comes and goes from meetings, James rechecks his Critical Now list and gets some of them done. He looks for any that, due to size or complexity, may hold him back from leaving at the end of the day, and focuses on those first. He says, "That Critical Now list becomes very important to me. Once I feel the Critical Now list is under control, I can start working off the Opportunity Now list. In that latter list I look for things that feel right to do, given current priorities. I also look for things there I am

inspired to work on.” He usually gets a number of his Opportunity Now items done each day, well before they become critical. James states that without the 1MTD his work life would be miserable and chaotic.

David

David owns a small software development company. He’s been using the 1MTD for years now and has his own variation for using it. He focuses almost exclusively on the Critical Now list. Each evening before he quits for the day he studies and adjusts the Critical Now list for the next day—that is his variation. That way, when he arrives in the morning, he knows exactly what he needs to work on. He tries to finish those Critical Now items before noon so that during the rest of the day he already feels ahead of the game.

Julie

Julie is an inside sales rep for a manufacturing company. She also tries to get her Critical Now items done as early in the day as possible. She says, “When I get those critical items done, or least clearly on my radar so that I know when I’m going to complete them, my whole body relaxes a bit. I just know that I’ve got it under control, and I can now focus on my more important efforts without fear of anything urgent blowing up on me. It’s a great feeling. And before I go home I take one last look at the Critical Now list. If everything is done, and it usually is, I can leave with a clear conscience!”

Wrap-up

You now know all the rules for how to succeed with the simple 1MTD. You may have practiced a bit with it on paper and now understand how to use it. Perhaps it is already guiding your work life. With the 1MTD and these rules, you can now trust the system as something that will guide your work. You can trust it because you'll see that there is in fact a place for everything in this list and nothing gets dropped. You'll see that you have one place to look when you need to decide what to do next. This is especially key when you want to leave at a reasonable time at the end of the day; you can see whether there's anything that will prevent you from leaving. And when you leave you'll leave with a free and open heart, knowing that you have a handle on it all.

Next, let's talk about how to get your 1MTD onto your computer so you can edit it more easily and keep it in tip-top shape.

4

Simple Automated Solutions

I bet you are eager to put this to-do list on your computer, tablet, or smartphone. Nearly all of us work on our computers much of the day, and everybody seems to be using tablets or smartphones these days, so putting the 1MTD on one seems like a no-brainer, right?

Well, if you've tried an automated to-do list before, I bet you have failed. Most people I know who tried have also failed. I know I was eager to use my BlackBerry task list years ago, and even the task list in Outlook seemed inviting. But I gave up quickly when using these tools. Usually what happened was the list got too big too fast, and I ended up with hundreds of tasks, most of which didn't seem appropriate to do now.

Why Automate 1MTD?

But there are huge advantages to automating your to-do list. And you are going to find that the 1MTD is very easy to

automate. In fact, it was designed from the bottom up to be used in an automated fashion. Here's why you will want to do that.

The first advantage to automating the 1MTD is that you can easily move tasks between the three urgency zones you learned in Chapters 2 and 3. If you use only paper, you'll need to erase and rewrite tasks to move them. That becomes difficult once you get a lot of tasks—and the paper gets messy fast. Also, once you get over, say, a hundred or so tasks, you'll need to apply advanced 1MTD principles (shown in Chapter 9) to stay ahead. Those principles only work in task *software*—so you'll *have* to automate at that point.

The second advantage to using an automated list is that it makes it easier to copy tasks that come to you in e-mail. Today, many if not most of the action requests we get each day come to us in e-mail, and being able to easily move information from e-mail to the task list is a big time saver. Automation makes this easier.

The third reason to automate is so you can see your task list on your smartphone or tablet when traveling. When I'm at my desk I use my to-do list on my computer; but when I'm on the road I want to see that same updated list on my smartphone or tablet. I show you software ahead that enables this and syncs your various systems automatically over the air.

That brings up another point. You may be wondering whether to start using your automated to-do list on your computer, or instead just put it on your smartphone (or tablet) and work off it even when at your desk. I recommend you start with your computer and then transition a little later to adding it to your mobile devices. That's because having it on your computer is almost always needed; most of us do much of our work on our computers. Even if you don't work predominantly on your computer, you'll find there are lots of times you want to transfer information from your computer to a listed task. As I mentioned above, this is most common with e-mail—but there are other common cases as well. For example, you'll often want to attach a computer file to your task so that it is at hand when you work on the task later.

For all these reasons you should favor having your task list on your computer first, and that's why I will start out by showing you how to automate the 1MTD there. I show mobile solutions in later chapters.

Using a Text Document as Your 1MTD

The simplest way to automate the 1MTD on your computer is to find software that allows you to create and rearrange a list; there are a lot of software packages that do that. For example, Microsoft Word works, and I will talk more about that below. Or use any other text editing software. Microsoft Excel, or any other spreadsheet software, also works. Any

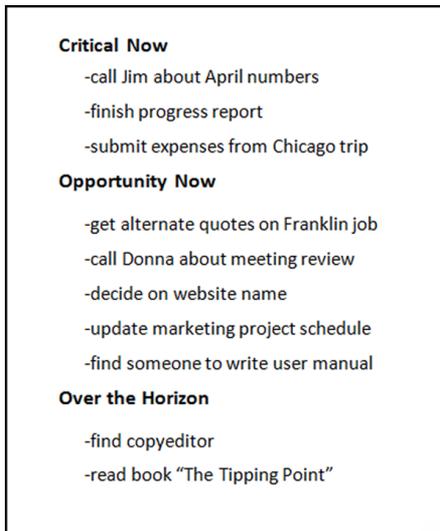
software that allows you to delineate three list sections will allow you to show the three urgency zones, and that is all you need for the simple versions of 1MTD.

Using a Text Document Like Word

I would start with Word. Everyone seems to own Word, especially people who work in a company that has standardized on Microsoft products. We all know how to create, save, and print a Word document. If you do not use Word, feel free to use another similar text editing software.

Using Word (or any text editor) to create 1MTD, you just type your tasks one per line, in three separate lists

Figure 1. Simple text-based One Minute To-Do List



corresponding to the three urgency zones described in Chapters 2 and 3. Simply stack those three lists one above the other, adding the urgency-zone headings at the top of each list (see Figure 1). Then, to rearrange the list, you simply cut and paste entries as needed.

Even better, download and use a free template that I have created for you to use in Microsoft Word, as shown in Figure 2. The template has the three urgency-zone headings locked in place, with fixed text blocks below them that you can type into. Note the Over-the-Horizon list is given its own

Figure 2. Microsoft Word 1MTD template

One-Minute To-Do List

Critical Now (must do today)

Opportunity Now (start this week or next)

Over-the-Horizon

page, since it can get rather large. Click here to download it: www.1MTD.biz/1MTD-Template.doc (case sensitive). Going to that link will start the download automatically in your current web page, so simply look at the bottom of your web browser for the file download.

No matter what text software you use, you can leave it running on your computer screen and refer to it throughout the day. Or you can print the file and work off paper. This is handy for taking to meetings and even on the road. Throughout the day, you can make pen or pencil additions or changes right on the page. When you're back at your desk you can type the updates into your list document, save the file, and then print it again for the next time you run out the door.

So yes, a simple text document can be a very easy way to start automating 1MTD, and I encourage you to try it.

Using Task Software as Your 1MTD

But you can do even better than that if you do not mind learning new software. There are a lot of applications available that are specifically designed for managing to-dos. If you look across all types of computers and mobile devices, you'll find quite a large number of titles. Some are single-purpose task applications (like Toodledo, which I will discuss at length ahead), and others are task modules built into better-known programs (like the task module in Outlook, also discussed ahead).

I've tried or evaluated nearly all these applications and found that quite a few can be used to implement the simple principles of 1MTD—the principles you've learned so far. Really, any software that allows you to prioritize and group tasks at three levels will allow you to delineate the three urgency zones described in Chapters 2 and 3—and that's all you need if your tasks are not too numerous.

Why Use Task Software?

Dividing items into three groups may not sound very impressive, so why bother with task software at all as opposed to a text list?

The main advantage is that task software adds features—features that come in handy when your list starts to get large.

What features? First, you will want easy ways to reprioritize your tasks without needing to copy and paste—all task applications allow you to do that with a simple click. In addition, most systems also allow you to mark tasks as complete and then sort on the completed tasks for later review. Some synchronize your tasks with your smartphone or tablet.

Nearly all provide ways to set dates on tasks and then manage tasks based on those dates. For example, some software allows you to hide future tasks until their date arrives. Others have alarms on due dates.

The convenience these extra features represent is a good reason to use task software. Beyond convenience, these

features become critical if you receive and accumulate a lot of new tasks each day. If you do, you'll definitely want to use one of these software solutions—they can be the only way to stay ahead of a high volume of tasks.

I Show Multiple Software Choices

In the chapters ahead, I am going to show you multiple software choices to use with 1MTD. The first is the task module built into Windows Outlook. The second is a free and simple program called Toodledo that works on any computer. And ahead I also give links to learn about Microsoft's new task software called To-Do.

If you do not have a lot of tasks, you can learn and successfully use any of these by reading this book. That's because once you apply simple 1MTD configurations to each program (as covered in the next two chapters), they both give you the features you need to delineate and track the three urgency zones. And they both give you easy ways to move tasks between those zones.

If you *do* accumulate a lot of tasks, say, over a hundred at any given time, you'll need to use more advanced forms of 1MTD. All three software choices can do that as well, although To-Do is limited in that area. See Chapter 9 of this book, where I teach the advanced forms of 1MTD.

At this point, you may be wondering which of these software packages to use. Let's discuss that next.

Should You Use Outlook?

Here's my advice on whether to use Outlook: If you are not currently using Windows Outlook for e-mail, I wouldn't transition to Outlook just so you can use its task module. Rather, use one of the other packages as shown ahead. Also, viewing your Outlook tasks on your smartphone requires using either Exchange Server (or the Mail portion of an Office 365 subscription) or Outlook.com with Windows desktop Outlook. So if you are not using one of those, I would not try to use Outlook tasks.

Also note, I consistently refer to *Windows* Outlook above. If you are using *Outlook for Mac*, I'd plan on using Toodledo for tasks, or perhaps To-Do. There are ways to use the 1MTD in the Mac version of Outlook, but they are beyond the scope of this book, even at the simple levels of 1MTD. See the fourth or fifth edition of my book *Total Workday Control Using Microsoft Outlook* if you really want to further pursue the Mac version for tasks.

Should You Use Toodledo or Microsoft To-Do?

So, if per the above you decide you cannot use Windows desktop Outlook for tasks, you might wonder: should you use Toodledo or the newer Microsoft To-Do?

Well, it depends. Toodledo will take you a lot further if you seek advanced applications of tasks. Microsoft To-Do is much simpler and has very simple smartphone apps

available. And if you happen to use Outlook Online with either Office 365 Business E-mail, or Outlook.com, Microsoft To-Do has excellent links into those web applications. But To-Do does not have enough features to let you move up to my full advanced MYN system, should you want to do that later.

Mix and Match

Note that when using non-Outlook software for tasks it's not all or nothing; you can still use Windows or Mac Outlook for e-mail, calendar, and contacts; but then use *other* software for tasks. That's what I did for years and they all work well together.

Wrap-up

Next, I show you how to use the simple 1MTD with Windows Desktop Outlook (Chapter 5). I also show links in that chapter to learn more about Microsoft To-Do.

After that I show Toodledo (Chapter 6).

Feel free to read both chapters to see which software you prefer. Or, based on my discussion above, feel free to pick one now and proceed directly to the corresponding chapter.

5

Using Outlook for the One Minute To-Do List

Why Use Outlook Tasks

There are some advantages to using Windows Outlook for tasks if Outlook is already your main e-mail system. The number one advantage is that it's already on your desktop and you are accustomed to having it open. And with all recent versions of Windows Outlook, you can have your task list sit right next to your e-mail (using the To-Do Bar). You are more likely to use a to-do list regularly if it's constantly in plain sight like that—so this is a big plus for Outlook.

An equally important advantage is that Windows Outlook has a very quick way of converting e-mails into tasks—you just drag and drop the e-mail. Since so many of our action requests come in by e-mail these days, this is a fantastic feature. As I show in Chapter 7, converting e-mails to tasks actually helps you get control of your inbox. Toodledo, by the way, also has a good way to do this; it's just not as smooth as Outlook's method.

And finally, many corporate IT departments, for security reasons, require that you use approved corporate software. They often want all your work data to be locked down in the server rooms of your company. If your company uses Outlook on internal servers, your IT staff will be happy that your task data is safely stored with your other Outlook data. Toodledo's data, in contrast, is stored on servers in "the cloud"—safe ones hosted by Amazon—but still outside your company's firewall.

For all these reasons, you may feel that Outlook is your choice for task management. So, let's take a look at how to use Outlook tasks for the simple 1MTD.

Getting Started with Outlook Tasks

This chapter is for using *Windows* Outlook. If you have Mac Outlook, I recommend you instead consider Toodledo (see Chapter 6), or Microsoft To-Do (go to: www.to-do-videos.com).

Also, you should be using the *desktop* version of Windows Outlook, not the web browser version, and not a smartphone or tablet version. This chapter assumes you are using the desktop version.

Windows desktop Outlook displays tasks in a number of places. I recommend you use the task list in the To-Do Bar; that's the list on the right side of your Outlook screen.

Before you do, however, you are going to make a minor tweak to this task list to make it work better with the simple

1MTD. The tweak you are going to make is to group tasks by priority so that you can delineate the three urgency zones you learned in Chapters 2 and 3. Once you do that, the three priority levels in Outlook (High, Normal, and Low) will map to those three urgency zones.

There are three steps to make that tweak. If you already know your way around Outlook tasks, you may be able to do it just by reading the steps below. If not, I suggest you watch the online video I give a link to below—it shows you all the details.

Here are the three steps:

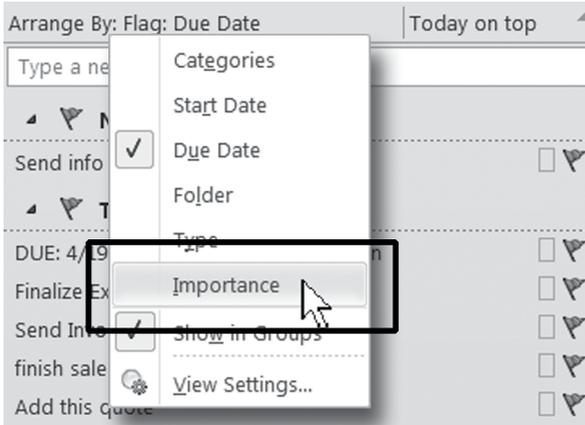
1. Find the task list in the To-Do Bar at the right of the screen.
2. Right-click the Arrange by (or Arranged by) label at the top of the task list (you can see that label at the top left of Figure 3).
3. Then choose Importance, as shown in the middle of Figure 3. Or, if you see another Arrange by submenu, pick it and then choose Importance.

Then enter tasks as usual in Outlook; they'll now be displayed in urgency-zone groups as shown in Figure 4.

Outlook and 1MTD: Introductory Video

If you know Outlook tasks already and were able to follow the above-listed steps, fine. But if you are not already using Outlook tasks and would like more clarification, that's understandable.

Figure 3. Applying 1MTD settings to Outlook



So instead, I am going to suggest you watch the online videos I've prepared to help you get started with 1MTD using Outlook. One video will not only show you how to do the tweak I listed above, but it will also get you started on using the Windows Outlook task system—showing you how to enter tasks and use them. And even if you know and use Outlook tasks, you may want to watch this video as well—you may learn some new things. It also reviews the urgency-zone concepts.

For Outlook 2013 or newer, go to: www.1MTD.biz/mvc.htm and scroll down on the left to the Preview video called Quick Start, and watch that. By the way, this free video is a small part of the larger video class version of the more advanced MYN system that I mentioned at the end of

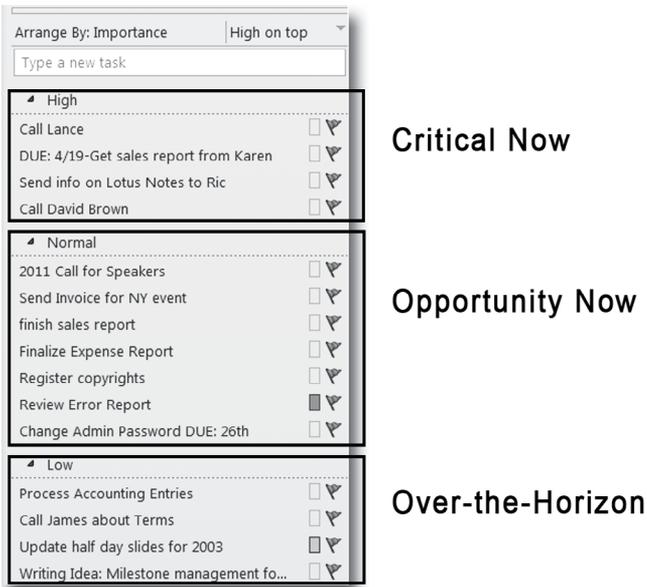
the Introduction. You might want to consider purchasing the entire video class and moving directly to my full system. Or study my simpler 2018 1MTD Outlook video course at www.1MTD.biz/1mtd-ov.htm.

If you have Windows Outlook 2007 or 2010, go to: www.1MTD.biz/older-free-videos.htm and watch free Video #1.

Using 1MTD in Outlook

Once you make the tweak to Outlook per above, your Outlook task list will look like Figure 4.

Figure 4. Outlook ready for 1MTD



Notice the mapping to the three urgency zones? You should now use them just as you did on paper as described in Chapters 2 and 3. As you may recall, the Critical Now (or High priority) tasks are tasks absolutely due today. Opportunity Now (or Normal priority) tasks are tasks you'd like to get to in the next week or so. And Over-the-Horizon (or Low priority) tasks are tasks that can wait ten days or much longer.

Once you start entering tasks regularly, you are going to need to manage the lists so they stay at a reasonably small size. As with the paper list system, the rules to maintain the system are simple:

- Keep five or fewer items in the Critical Now list.
- Keep 20 or fewer items in the Opportunity Now list.
- Move everything else to the Over-the-Horizon list.

Nearly any task can bite you if you do not keep an eye on it; but how quickly that happens depends on which urgency zone it is in—you need to review each zone at an appropriate level of frequency. So, here is a repeat of the rules I showed for the paper list:

- Review the Critical Now list approximately once each hour.
- Review the Opportunity Now list at least once each day.
- Review the Over-the-Horizon list once each week.
- Place deadline dates right in the subject line of the tasks. For crucial deadlines, consider using your automated calendar and setting an alarm on it. You might also try setting the Outlook task's Due Date field—it turns red when

the task is overdue. Then consider using task reminders.

My 2018 1MTD Outlook video course at:

www.1MTD.biz/1mtd-ov.htm shows how to use the Due Date field and reminders. That class is good because using the Due Date field is a bit complicated.

- Finally, try to enter all tasks as next actions—small next steps that represent the very next thing you need to do on the task.

That's it! That is enough to get you going in Outlook. Start entering all your tasks in Outlook today and get in the habit of using it whenever you need to see what next to work on.

By the way, if you want to print your Outlook task list so you can carry it with you, there are a couple of subtleties to doing that and they vary with each version of Outlook. I have a write-up on how to do that at this link:

www.1MTD.biz/PrintCalendar.htm.

Using Microsoft To-Do with Outlook

In 2019 Microsoft started releasing very useful versions of its new To-Do app, and they can be used with 1MTD. You can do use To-Do *instead of*, or in some cases, *along with* desktop Outlook tasks. Go to this link to see more about using To-Do with 1MTD: www.to-do-videos.com. Free videos there discuss using Microsoft To-Do with Outlook.

Outlook Advanced Study

In a way, there are two kinds of Outlook users. There are those who are willing to study it more extensively to take it to the next level, and those who are not. If you are willing to study it more extensively, you can make Outlook tasks into a very powerful task system. That's one reason to use Outlook—it has a lot of power that can be uncovered by changing its configurations.

But as I said earlier, extensive study of Outlook is beyond the scope of this short book. So, if you want to use Windows Outlook extensively with tasks, you should plan to refer to my more complete materials outside this book.

Go to this link to see your options for my more advanced study: www.1MTD.biz/outlook-classes.html. There you will see my other books to read and my other more advanced classes to take. All of those options are created by me and so are easy to use and follow.

Wrap-up

What should Outlook users do next in this book? Well, if you don't go directly to one of the advanced-study options linked above, you can still get more out of this book; you will learn next how to convert e-mails to tasks. So, at this point, Windows Outlook users, please jump to Chapter 7. You'll find that to be a valuable lesson.

6

Using Toodledo for the One Minute To-Do List

Perhaps you do not use Windows Outlook as your e-mail system. For example, you're a Mac user who uses Apple Mail, or Entourage, or Outlook Mac, or Gmail for your e-mail. Or perhaps you're using a Windows computer but are using Gmail or some other e-mail system.

Then again, maybe you *are* using Windows Outlook but you don't want to take the time to study my more advanced Outlook training—the training I mentioned at the end of the last chapter. It does take some effort to really extract the power from Outlook tasks and I don't blame you for not wanting to jump right into that.

Or perhaps you want to use a task system that is in some ways even better than Outlook.

For these reasons and more, you need a non-Outlook system to choose from, and I recommend a simple and universally usable software product called *Toodledo*.

Toodledo is amazing software. In my mind, it works better than almost any other task software out there—including better than Outlook tasks in some ways. It's definitely much more powerful than Microsoft To-Do. To get the most out of Toodledo, though, you'll need to get one of the paid subscriptions (I recommend the Plus level), but the free version is a good way to start.

Why Use Toodledo

Toodledo is browser based so it runs in the same easy way for all users on any computer or tablet (Windows, Mac, Linux, iPad, Android, and so on). That means *anyone* can use it, no matter what hardware they use.

Not only is Toodledo browser based, but the browser version is its *main* version—it was designed from the ground up to be used primarily in a browser. That's in contrast to many other programs where a browser version is supplied as a scaled-back "lite" implementation. (Outlook's browser version, called Outlook on the Web or Outlook Online, is a scale-back example, and for that reason it is not usable for more advanced 1MTD tasks.)

And the browser version of Toodledo works really well. That's because the makers of Toodledo have done an especially good job at implementing its browser *controls*. This is a fine point but it's worth mentioning. We've all seen browser-based interfaces that are painful to use compared to dedicated applications; command buttons and

drop-down fields are clumsy and slow to use. Or you have to wait for a full refresh every time you make small changes. But that's not the case with Toodledo. Its controls are really well designed, quick, and even a pleasure to use—even on smaller screens like those on a tablet.

But what about the *tiny* windows on some smartphones where browser software is difficult to use? Well, Toodledo also has apps that run on nearly every smartphone—so you are covered there as well.

Perhaps the main reason to use Toodledo, however, is that it is the most flexible and most powerful task software available. You can do virtually anything with it, and that means it's especially good for advanced users. But it is still easy to use for beginners.

Preconfigured Advanced 1MTD in Toodledo

Specifically, Toodledo is very easy to use with my more advanced 1MTD teachings. Why? Because, at my request, the makers of Toodledo have created a preconfigured version of Toodledo that implements the advanced 1MTD principles called MYN—the ones you will learn in Chapter 9. If you are getting lots of new tasks each day, you'll definitely want to learn to use the MYN principles. So, when you get to that chapter, there's no extra work for you to do—with one click you can activate all the MYN settings in Toodledo and be ready to go.

You Can Use It with Any E-mail System

And finally, even if you use Outlook or another system for e-mail, you can still use Toodledo for your tasks—Toodledo can be used together with *any* e-mail system. That's what I did for several years—I used Toodledo for tasks and Outlook for everything else, and they worked great together. The reason Toodledo works with any e-mail system is that it has a flexible way of converting e-mails to tasks. You can use it with Gmail, Yahoo, Apple Mail, Lotus Notes, and so on. More on all that in Chapter 7.

Getting Started with Toodledo

All right, it's time now to start using Toodledo and learning how to use it with 1MTD. For this chapter, I am going to focus on *simple* uses of 1MTD with Toodledo; it's the best way to learn. It's also a good foundation for later chapters where I'll up the ante a bit and show you more powerful principles of task management and how to do them in Toodledo.

Toodledo and 1MTD: Introductory Video

Even though Toodledo is easy use, you do need to learn how to use it. While I could write out all the Toodledo steps here in the book, I think a video is a much better learning experience. So, I have created a free introductory video for this. Since nearly all of us are always online these days, this

should be easy for you to do right now; get your browser ready.

In this video you will see an overview of Toodledo, how to get started using it, and how to enter tasks. I'll also show you, at the very end, how to make a few quick tweaks in Toodledo to make it work better with 1MTD. The video is only about ten minutes long and is simple to follow. Try it now—I think you'll like it. Go to: www.1MTD.biz/ftd.htm and scroll down on the left to Preview Video #2 and play it.

By the way, at that link you will see that this free video is a small part of the larger video class version of the more advanced MYN system that I mentioned at the end of the Introduction. You might want to consider purchasing the entire video class and move directly to my full system.

Figure 5. Toodledo ready for 1MTD

The screenshot shows a list of tasks in Toodledo, organized by priority level. The tasks are as follows:

Priority	Task Description	Label
2 High	Call James about report	Critical Now
2 High	Test changes in new software	
1 Medium	Call Lance about trip to property	Opportunity Now
1 Medium	Confirm Jon finished report change	
1 Medium	Study report on hiring practices	
1 Medium	Find book on Project Management	
1 Medium	Take next steps on signing up for	
1 Medium	Make progress on new accounting	
0 Low	Approve transfer of books	Over-the-Horizon
0 Low	Consider this laptop for replacement	
0 Low	Create New Training Videos	
0 Low	FW: Can you approve this request	
0 Low	Clean up my office	

Using 1MTD in Toodledo

At this point you've watched the video on Toodledo, and made the tweaks I recommend there. The left side of your Toodledo screen should now look like Figure 5, with tasks grouped by Priority.

Notice in Figure 5 how we are mapping Toodledo Priorities to the three urgency zones? Use them just as you did in Chapters 2 and 3 for paper tasks. Here's a brief review to remind you of the principles:

The Critical Now (or High priority) tasks are tasks absolutely due today. Opportunity Now (or Medium priority) tasks are tasks you'd like to get to in the next week or so. And Over-the-Horizon (or Low priority) tasks are tasks that can wait approximately ten days or much longer.

Once you start entering tasks regularly, you are going to need to manage the lists so they stay at a reasonably small size. As with the paper list system, the rules to maintain the system are simple:

- Keep five or fewer items in the Critical Now list.
- Keep 20 or fewer items in the Opportunity Now list.
- Move everything else to the Over-the-Horizon list.

Nearly any task can bite you if you do not keep an eye on it; but how quickly that happens depends on which urgency zone it is in—you need to review each zone at an

appropriate level of frequency. So, here is a repeat of the rules I showed for the paper list:

- Review the Critical Now list approximately once each hour.
- Review the Opportunity Now list at least once each day.
- Review the Over-the-Horizon list once each week.

You might be tempted to use the Due Date field in Toodledo, and you can if you want. But, as with the paper system, I recommend you place the deadline date right in front of the subject line of the task; for example, “DUE April 15 Mail in Taxes.” And for crucial deadlines, consider using your automated calendar and setting an alarm or reminder on it—we are all trained well to notice calendar deadlines. However, only set a deadline if it is really needed—don’t use artificial deadlines; they never work. I talk more about using deadlines in Toodledo in Chapter 9.

Finally, try to enter all tasks as next actions—small next steps that represent the very next thing you need to do on the task.

Wrap-up

That’s it! That is enough to get you going in Toodledo. Start using Toodledo now as a place to keep all your tasks. I’ll show you a bit more in later chapters.

Next, I want to show you how to convert e-mails to tasks. Doing so can make a very significant positive impact on your workday.

7

Controlling E-mail with the One Minute To-Do List

You may wonder why we have a chapter about e-mail in a to-do list book. Here's why: out-of-control e-mails lead to dropped responsibilities—dropped to-dos. E-mail is a major receiving area for the many new to-dos we get each day. So, if we cannot manage our e-mail, we cannot manage our tasks.

This is pretty common. Many people say their inbox is out of control—it's overloaded with older e-mails they still need to attend to, and those drag down their day. I feel that the e-mail management problem is really a *task* management problem. In other words, the reason our inboxes are so large and out of control is because tasks in the e-mail are out of control. Let's talk more about that.

While we don't realize we're doing it, most of us are trying to use our inbox as a task management system. But doing that leads to problems. For example, when you leave e-mails with pending tasks in your inbox with the intention

to act on them later, you have to constantly rehash old mail looking for those to-dos. And since the subject line of the e-mail rarely matches the action request inside, you need to reread a lot of your mail, often multiple times, to find things. It's incredibly inefficient, a big waste of time, and error prone. The inbox is a lousy task manager!

The core problem is that the e-mail inbox does not have the tools to manage tasks. For example, you cannot easily change the subject of these e-mails to an action phrase. You cannot easily prioritize them in the inbox. And you cannot easily schedule them for action. You *can* do all these things, easily, in a good task management system.

As a result of trying to manage tasks in the inbox, the inbox becomes overcrowded and out of control. Since one out of five or ten e-mails sitting in your inbox represents a task to do, you are afraid to throw anything away or file them away in bulk. No wonder the inbox gets huge.

In contrast, a good task management system like 1MTD can serve as a way to solve your overloaded inbox. In fact, in my seminars on task management, I teach people how to empty their inboxes every day. It's not that hard to do once you have a good task system in place.

The solution is to convert action e-mails into tasks and manage them where tasks should be managed: in your to-do list system. In Outlook and Toodledo it is actually easy to convert e-mails to tasks; doing so only takes a few seconds. I'll show you how to do that in a moment.

Once you do start converting action e-mails to tasks, the tension is removed from your inbox because all the responsibilities have been transferred into your to-do list where they can be properly managed. At that point, it is very easy to empty your inbox; the mail that's left in there is merely informational and easy to file away.

And once you start converting e-mails to tasks, you'll find that you get through your e-mail much more quickly. Why? Because you are no longer bogged down by trying to work tasks in your e-mail as you see them. Often you work nonurgent e-mail requests the moment you see them just because you are afraid you'll lose them later. That causes you to get stuck in your inbox for hours processing new incoming mail.

So, rather than spending ten to 20 minutes working on one e-mail task just because it is right in front of you, use the 1MTD to convert it into a prioritized task in just a few seconds and move on to the next e-mail. This allows you to get through your new day's worth of e-mail in one quick sitting. Perhaps for the first time in your professional career you'll be quickly speeding through your inbox. Then you can address your work in a prioritized fashion by working off your prioritized to-do list. What a concept—working your most important tasks first! That is what converting e-mails to tasks allows.

So, how do you convert e-mails to tasks? It's easy, but it depends on what software you are using.

Outlook: How to Convert E-mails to Tasks

In Outlook you simply drag the e-mail to the tasks icon or label in the lower-left corner of the screen. When you do that, a new task window pops up that is prepopulated. The title of the task is the same as the title of the e-mail; the body of the task contains the body of the e-mail. All you need to do is to type over the title to create a very clear action phrase, then set a priority and click Save. With that, you are done. It takes only a couple of seconds.

Having the body of the task contain the body of the e-mail is incredibly useful. That's because at the time you work the task you do not even need to look for the original e-mail to review the context; it's all right there in the task. In the Outlook Quick Start video you watched in Chapter 5, you saw how to convert e-mails to tasks. If you want to see that again, go to: www.1MTD.biz/mvc.htm and scroll down on the left to the Preview video called Quick Start, and watch that.

Toodledo: How to Convert E-mails to Tasks

Toodledo has a very easy mechanism to convert e-mails from any e-mail system into Toodledo tasks. It works with systems like Gmail, Yahoo, Hotmail, Lotus Notes, Apple Mail, or any other mail system. And of course it works with Outlook e-mail as well.

You might wonder how you use a separate e-mail system to communicate with Toodledo. It's easy. All you

do is *forward* the e-mail to a specific address that Toodledo associates with your account, and the e-mail is automatically entered into your Toodledo server as a task. It takes seconds.

For example, let's say I get an e-mail in Outlook that I know I need to convert into a task in Toodledo. I simply click Forward on my Outlook e-mail system, select a Toodledo address that I earlier entered in my Outlook address book (with AutoFill, it pops in after a few keystrokes), type over the forwarded e-mail subject line to create an action phrase, and click Send. Within seconds, the e-mail appears as a task in my Toodledo task list. And with the paid premium version of Toodledo, attachments in the e-mail are transferred as attachments in the resulting tasks. (This is the main reason to consider purchasing the premium version of Toodledo.) To see how this works, watch the following video. Go to: www.1MTD.biz/ftd.htm and scroll down on the left to Preview Video #11a and play it.

Start Converting E-mails to Tasks Today

I cannot emphasize enough how powerful converting e-mails to tasks is. Following the simple steps above, you now have a way to get control of tasks that are clogging up your inbox. Start doing this right away.

Single-Folder Filing

By the way, once you start converting e-mails to tasks, you will find it is very easy to file mail out of your inbox. That's

because the tension has been removed from the inbox. There's no need to refer to the inbox when looking for actions—they are now in your to-do list.

So, now that filing is easier, how should you file your mail? In my live classes and programs I spend a lot of time on e-mail control, and the main solution I teach is single-folder filing. You see, most people who file their mail file it into 10, 20, or 30 different topic-named folders, but still lose control of their e-mail.

Some people have even more folders, and even have many levels of subfolders. They think that such a complex folder system will help them get organized and help them find mail more easily. But in reality, that approach tends to be too complicated; it is slower for filing and slower for finding mail. Because it is so slow for filing, people often go weeks or months before filing their mail, and then they don't know where to look for it.

Single-Folder Filing is Faster

Instead, I teach a procedure of dragging all e-mail to *one* folder, and emptying the inbox every day. In Outlook and in other folder-based e-mail applications, I have users create a new folder called the Processed Mail folder. Or in newer copies of Outlook, I tell users to use the new Archive folder that Microsoft has rolled out.

In an application like Gmail, I just have them use their Archive space. They file *all* their mail in the single location (except for junk, which they delete).

How is it possible to empty nearly all of your Inbox using just one folder filing location? Well, once you extract tasks from e-mail as I teach above, it is very easy to do this filing and actually empty your inbox each day. Once you extract and create tasks, there's nothing left hanging in the inbox that you feel you need to act on. So it is easy to file it—you just move it all into one folder.

And when you want to find the mail later, I emphasize that people should use the indexed search engines that are built in to nearly all good e-mail software these days. Nearly all mail can be found almost instantly using these powerful search tools.

And with a single folder, it is also easy to sort on the sender or from column and then do a visual scan of all mail from an individual. Or you can sort on the date column and do a visual search of mail chronologically. Many of us do both of these sorts now in our overflowing inbox; it's better to just draw the line between new, unread mail and older, completed mail by placing all read mail in a single filing location outside the inbox.

Topic Filing by Tagging

Now, all that said, some people truly do need topic filing—that’s why many of us use folders. An example would

Figure 6. Folder-like groups of mail by tagging; Outlook

FROM	SUBJECT	RECEIVED	SIZE
Categories: (none): 481 item(s), 472 unread			
Categories: Invoices: 4 item(s), 4 unread			
Microsoft ...	View your Exchange Online (Plan 1) billing statement	Thu 12/8/201...	50 KB
Microsoft ...	View your Exchange Online (Plan 1) billing statement	Tue 11/8/201...	53 KB
Microsoft ...	View your Exchange Online (Plan 1) billing statement	Fri 10/7/2016...	48 KB
Microsoft ...	View your Exchange Online (Plan 1) billing statement	Thu 9/8/2016...	51 KB
Categories: Key E-mail: 8 item(s), 8 unread			
Categories: READ LATER: 180 item(s), 177 unread			
Categories: READ SOON: 4 item(s), 4 unread			
CNET Insider	Check out cool new gadgets galore from CES 2017	Thu 1/5/2017...	91 KB
The Mercu...	5-Minute Merc: : The Bay Area's clock whisperer: Dorian ...	Mon 1/2/201...	96 KB
The Mercu...	5-Minute Merc: : Stanford scientists see big potential for ...	Wed 12/28/2...	95 KB
CNET How...	What to do with a broken iPhone 7 or 7 Plus screen	Thu 12/8/201...	87 KB
Categories: Red category: 1 item(s)			

be an attorney who needs to group mail by client and perhaps hand the whole collection off to another attorney. So, in cases like that, I advise people to use *tags* on their mail in that single folder and then group by those tags when they need to. Outlook uses Outlook *Categories* as tags—this feature has been in place in Outlook for years. It works well and is very easy to use. I show you how in my more advanced training, listed at the end of Chapter 5. In Gmail you use a feature called *Labels* to tag mail. In either system, once mail is tagged, it’s very easy to trigger a view where mail appears

in folder-like groups based on those tags. For example, see Figure 6 to view how this looks in Outlook.

Copy All Tasks into Your 1MTD

By the way, e-mail isn't your only source of tasks—tasks can come to you from many sources. But no matter where they come from, I encourage you to use the 1MTD as your one place to list them. A lot of power comes from having one list of tasks. With one list you know what your next task is—there never is any doubt. And what's especially useful is that when you're ready to leave at the end of the day you can quickly see, at one glance, if you can leave without dropping any important tasks.

Committing to a single place to store tasks means that if tasks appear in your voicemail you make a notation for each one in your to-do list. If you have tasks that you jotted down in paper meeting notes or on slips of papers from phone calls or even from hallway conversations, immediately place all those tasks in your list so you can track them together. You'll be glad you did!

Advanced E-mail Control: Outlook Inbox Ninja

To really get control of e-mail in desktop Outlook, take a look at my video course called Outlook Inbox Ninja. It includes a full course on 1MTD, and it shows advanced ways of converting e-mails into tasks and filing e-mails. It includes details on how to archive e-mail, how to use Outlook rules

and retention policies, using advanced Outlook Search, and much, much more. For those ready for a higher level of study, this is it. You can go to this link to learn more: www.outlookinboxninja.com.

Wrap-up

Once you have 1MTD in place, I encourage you to start converting action e-mails to tasks. It will help get your inbox under control and keep you from dropping responsibilities. Once action e-mails are converted to tasks, you stop scanning through old mail, over and over, looking for things you think you still need to do—those are now converted to prioritized tasks.

Then I encourage you to consider using the single-folder form of filing mail so that you can empty your inbox every day. Emptying your inbox daily removes a ton of stress—it just feels great! And it makes you more efficient because you make a clear decision each day about what mail you are done with. It helps you make a clear distinction between new and old mail. You will reread and rehash mail much less often and end up with more time in your day.

Next, I will show you how to take your 1MTD mobile on your smartphone or tablet.

8

Going Mobile: Using 1MTD on Your Smartphone or Tablet

Smartphones are ubiquitous these days and they can do a lot of things that our computers do. So, when you are away from your computer, it seems a shame not to use your smartphone for your task list as well.

Or maybe you have a tablet like the iPad, Android, or Windows tablet. These tablets are innovative and practical and can even take the place of our computers—some people are even using tablets instead of laptops when working on the road. So, it makes sense to find ways to implement your 1MTD system on them as well.

Going Mobile

The reasons for putting your 1MTD on your mobile devices are obvious. You might be working away from the office and don't have your computer with you. Or you do have your computer but you don't want to take the time to open it just to take a quick glance at your tasks. Or you might have some time while in a waiting area and want to see the most

urgent tasks on your list, just in case something is coming due. Or perhaps one of your tasks is to buy some groceries and you need to see the list while in the grocery store. All of these scenarios beg for a mobile task list.

However, while the reasons for going mobile with your 1MTD are obvious, how to actually take tasks mobile is not as obvious. Choosing apps that works with the 1MTD and syncing tasks with your computer or laptop are the main barriers here.

So, in this section I show you how to activate your 1MTD on a smartphone or tablet. I tell you what software to use on what device. I guide you in how to set it up so it matches 1MTD principles. And I reveal how to configure it so that it syncs with your computer-based tasks—something that is important to do and often very difficult.

By the way, as I mentioned earlier, you may be tempted to just run your entire to-do list off your smartphone or tablet and not even have the task list on your computer. But as I stated before, I think that's not the right way to go. Why? Because there are a number of tasks related to your to-do list that you will want to do while working at your computer. The main example is e-mail. As e-mail comes in while you are working on your computer, you'll want to copy some of your mail to your to-do list; that's something much easier to do on your computer than on your smartphone. So, no—I'd plan to keep tasks active in both places.

Keeping Tasks in Sync

Of course, that means you'll want to keep the to-do lists on multiple devices in sync. Synchronizing data between computers and mobile devices can be challenging; it's nearly always the major source of complaints about mobile devices in the business world. That's why you want to make sure you use a to-do list software system that is designed from the outset to synchronize.

Not too long ago the standard way to synchronize with a mobile device was to plug it into the computer or connect with Bluetooth and run a synchronization program. However, while that may still work for music or photos, that's not the way to go for rapidly changing business data like e-mail, calendar, contacts, *and tasks*. I feel strongly that data like that, including tasks, should sync over WiFi or your cell service, automatically, in the background, and always be up to date. I very specifically include tasks in that list because once you start relying on your task list, you'll see that you really do need a task list that is always up to date. Here's one example of why: if near the end of the day you convert an e-mail to a Critical Now task (meaning it's due that day) and you run off to an end-of-day meeting, that task had better be there on your mobile device minutes later so that you are reminded to complete it before you leave work for the day. The required tasks to do at any given moment can change fast in today's world.

Putting Your Tasks in “the Cloud”

For this reason, I think it’s important that you keep your tasks in “*the cloud*.” This term refers to having data on a server that you can access over the Internet. And in this case it means being able to access it that way from your mobile device.

Desktop Outlook with Exchange Server (or the Mail option in Office 365) allows you to do this. So does desktop Outlook connected to an Outlook.com account. Toodledo also allows you to take 1MTD mobile in a very simple way. Or you can use Microsoft’s new To-Do app. Let’s start with that last option.

Using Microsoft To-Do

To-Do is Microsoft’s latest tasks app and it’s designed to run well on smartphones and to sync across platforms. This can be used separate from Outlook, but in some cases along with Outlook. To learn more about To-Do and how to use it with 1MTD, go to this link: www.to-do-videos.com.

Going Mobile with Outlook

There are three good ways to put Outlook tasks in the cloud. First is to use Exchange Server. Second is to use the Mail option in an Office 365 subscription. Both of these are common in the corporate world. The third way is to use Outlook.com as a server for desktop Outlook (Outlook.com is common in the consumer world). With any of these servers

connected to your desktop Outlook, you can take full advantage of Outlook task features in many mobile apps.

By the way, if you don't have one of these three, there are still some ways to put Outlook tasks in the cloud, but doing so is not recommended by me and is beyond the scope of this book. The problems are that you either need complicated synchronization tools, or you will have fewer app choices, or you will lose many task Outlook features. For that reason, if you cannot use any of these cloud solutions, I recommend you consider using Toodledo for tasks instead of Outlook. Toodledo has more flexible mobile solutions.

Finally, if you are using the third choice above, the consumer-oriented Outlook.com, you'll want to be sure to use it connected to your desktop copy of Outlook, not in its browser mode. That's because the browser mode does not expose enough task features. In desktop Outlook simply go to the File tab and click Add Account and then you can add your Outlook.com account. It works great.

Outlook Smartphone and Tablet Task App Solutions

Okay, so I just listed the three Outlook servers I recommend that also serve Outlook tasks well. But what about the apps to use on your smartphone or tablet?

Well, you'll need to pick an app that both communicates with your Outlook server, and configures well for the 1MTD style of task management. I have some recommendations, but this list varies over time because the app world is a

rapidly changing picture. So you might want to visit the software page on my website to see my latest recommendations (www.1MTD.biz/Software.html). That said, what follows is what I currently recommend.

The primary features I look for in a 1MTD app are good sorting of tasks and an easy upgrade path to MYN. No native apps that come predelivered with iOS or Android are able to do that, so you need to choose from add-on apps that you download from your app store. And surprisingly, the add-on app called Outlook that Microsoft supplies also lacks those features. As a result, the apps I mention next are probably new names to you.

I recommend one iPhone/iPad app for Outlook tasks and that's an app called TaskTask. TaskTask works with all of my three recommended Outlook servers: Exchange Server, the Mail option of Office 365, and Outlook.com. TaskTask comes with all the features you need for 1MTD, and it includes a one-click setting to configure its sorting for 1MTD. It also has an easy upgrade path to my more powerful MYN system, should you decide you want to do that. I have a write-up on using TaskTask at this link: www.1MTD.biz/task-task.htm.

If you are using Android, there are a number of apps that work, but look at the app called Nine. It has all the features you need for 1MTD (and for MYN). I have a write-up on using Nine with 1MTD at this link: www.1MTD.biz/nine.htm.

For either app, my new 1MTD Outlook video course at: www.1MTD.biz/1mtd-ov.htm shows how to use TaskTask and Nine with 1MTD in a very powerful way. Or take my full Outlook Inbox Ninja course that includes the TaskTask and Nine solutions with 1MTD too; go to this link to learn more about that: www.outlookinboxninja.com.

And again, if the new Microsoft To-Do app interests you, it does have a very simple interface and runs on iPhone, Android, and on the web. It also has dedicated Windows and Mac apps. Watch the free videos I have on To-Do at this link: www.to-do-videos.com.

Outlook E-mail App Solutions

Each of the apps I just listed made the cut because of their excellent Tasks modules. However, while we are on the topic of smartphone apps, I should point out that you might also consider getting a new app for e-mail that allows you to use Outlook categories and to convert e-mails to Outlook tasks. Both are important features for 1MTD (and MYN) users. The standard Mail app that comes with iOS and Android has neither of those features, nor does Microsoft's Outlook smartphone app. So again, you need to look to third-party apps.

On iPhone/iPad, there are two apps with good mail features: Nine (same makers as the Android version), and Preside. Both apps have mail modules that provide easy ways to add categories to e-mail and Preside has a way to convert

e-mails to tasks. Learn more about the e-mail features of Preside at the manufacturer's link: www.preside.io.

On Android the task app I mentioned earlier, Nine, also include an e-mail module that enables category assignment and converting e-mails to tasks. So whichever one you choose for tasks will enable the mail features you need for 1MTD.

Mix and Match with Outlook

Feel free to mix and match apps for mail and tasks with Outlook. What I mean by that is there is no problem with using, say, Preside to process mail and convert mail to tasks, and then viewing those tasks in TaskTask. Everything goes through your server nearly instantly, so you don't need to try to find one app that does both e-mail and tasks. That's also true of calendar and contact functionality. Choose the apps in each category that have the strengths you need.

Going Mobile with Toodledo

Toodledo is true "server" software in every sense of the word. It serves tasks to your computer, and it serves your tasks to as many mobile devices as you choose to use. It works with all brands of smartphones, tablets, laptops, and so on. It stores your tasks centrally in the cloud, which means you can get at your tasks from anywhere that you

can access the Internet. And your tasks are automatically backed up for you by the Toodledo company.

Technical Note: Toodledo uses Amazon's highly reliable server farm for all its storage, as do many well-known cloud-based services like Dropbox, Zmanda, and Ubuntu. So, you can trust that your data is well supported.

Browser Based and App Based with Toodledo

One of the especially nice features of Toodledo is that its browser-based version, the one you are using with Toodledo now on your computer, is extremely flexible and so can be used on large-screen mobile devices like tablets. You can even run Toodledo on the browsers of large-screen smartphones. (I recommend a screen size of four inches or larger to do that, and note that add-on browsers sometimes work better than native ones.)

However, on smartphones with *small* screens, controls in a browser window will be difficult to manipulate. So, another great feature of Toodledo is that it runs in a wide variety of dedicated apps that are all optimized for small smartphone screens. And with those apps you can use Toodledo even offline—when the Internet is not available—say, on a plane. You can't do that with a browser-based application.

The number and range of mobile apps that work with Toodledo is large because both the Toodledo company and

a number of third-party developers have created apps that interface well with the Toodledo servers. So you have a lot to choose from. But only a few configure well for 1MTD and MYN. Let's go over some of those apps below. In all cases, I favor apps that can be used for both the simple 1MTD principles (those shown so far in this book) and the advanced forms of 1MTD (MYN, what I teach in the next chapter).

iPhone and iPad and Toodledo

On the iPhone and iPad, there are several apps that work with Toodledo, but the app to choose is the one made by the Toodledo company, called simply Toodledo. Since this app has been created by the Toodledo company, they match the Toodledo browser-based functionality well. I have a write-up on this app at this link:
www.1MTD.biz/toodledo-ios.htm.

Android and Toodledo

Android has a number of apps that interface well with Toodledo. The app made by the Toodledo company is good and I write it up here:
www.1mtd.biz/toodledo-android.htm.

Some of the third-party Android apps that work with Toodledo are even better, and I have paid video lessons for a few of them in my Full MYN Toodledo Video class, available at this link: www.1mtd.biz/ftd.htm.

Other Smartphones, Tablets, and Software

There are a number of less popular smartphone and tablet choices available—ones that currently hold little market share—like BlackBerry and Windows Phone. Few if any apps are available for them that work with 1MTD or MYN. However, new software choices are often coming out for all platforms; many may support 1MTD. See the following link for my Software web page, which I keep up to date as new apps that work with 1MTD or MYN emerge. Go to:

www.1MTD.biz/Software.html.

Wrap-up

So, that is the overview of your mobile solutions for 1MTD. As you can see, your choices on the major smartphone and tablet platforms are robust and usable. In no time at all you should have 1MTD running on your smartphone or tablet.

Next, I'm going to show you how to take 1MTD to the next level. This is optional but recommended because it adds a number of useful features and capabilities that you may like—and they are features you will need if your task list gets long. At this next level, the system is called Master Your Now! or MYN for short. It's not for everyone—it involves a little extra work—but check it out to see if it's something you can benefit from.

9

Taking 1MTD to the Next Level

Congratulations—you have finished the bulk of your to-do list training! You have completed the core steps of what I consider to be the best to-do list management system in the world. By using it, you are now starting to get your tasks under control. But soon, if not now, you will want to take 1MTD to the next level. You'll want to up the ante and learn some advanced processes. That's what this chapter is for.

When is a next level really needed? If you've accumulated over 100 incomplete tasks, it's probably time to advance to the next level. Things start to get complicated once you are tracking a lot of tasks. It's hard to scan a very big list. Even with 1MTD rules, you'll start to lose faith that you are tracking all tasks appropriately. And the time it takes to manage that many tasks can prevent you from doing it properly.

So, you'll want to extend 1MTD a bit, and this next level of the 1MTD does that—it makes managing a lot of

tasks easy. It does require some study, though—this is by far the longest chapter in the book. So let's get started.

The Next Level Is Called “MYN”

I have a specific name for this next level: I call it *Master Your Now!* or MYN for short. MYN is the complete task system I have been teaching for years. It's the system I teach in my hands-on corporate seminars. And it's the system I recommend for people who are deeply overloaded with work.

I wrote about MYN in two earlier books, *Master Your Workday Now!* and *Total Workday Control Using Microsoft Outlook* (the latter is in its fifth edition). But those are long books and not for quick review. So, in this chapter, I show you how to use MYN in a much simpler and quicker way. You'll be up and running with it in no time—without having to commit to many hours of study. And if you try it and like it, there are a lot of options for further study to deepen your knowledge of this powerful system.

What's in MYN?

MYN is an extension of 1MTD that helps you manage high volumes of tasks. One of the first places you're going to accumulate too many tasks is in your Opportunity Now list. When that gets too long, you'll need to find better ways to prioritize within the list. To that end, MYN includes a concept called *FRESH Prioritization*—it provides a natural approach to managing a long list of tasks in your Opportunity Now section. In MYN I also add a fourth optional

urgency zone called *Target Now* that helps provide focus in a long list. You'll learn how to use both of those ahead.

I'll also show you the important MYN concept called *Defer-to-Do*, which shows you how to schedule tasks for when you want to work on them. That hides tasks until they are really needed, which helps keep your list shorter and more focused.

All these concepts work best if you can apply *start dates* on all tasks; using start dates effectively is one of the unique approaches of the MYN system. So, we'll talk a lot about the value and importance of using start dates on tasks.

Two other concepts from MYN are covered ahead: *Significant Outcomes* and *Defer-to-Review*. The former helps manage larger, more important tasks; and the latter is useful for managing too many Over-the-Horizon tasks.

For all these concepts, I'll show you how to implement them in both Outlook and Toodledo. In both cases you'll need to further modify your tasks software to match the new and more powerful MYN sorting and filtering. For Outlook, unless you study some of my other books or paid online classes, you'll want to purchase and install a simple software add-in to make those changes. For Toodledo, the web version of the software comes with a one-click setting to implement the changes. For both Outlook and Toodledo, you might need to tweak your mobile apps for the new MYN settings. And for Microsoft To-Do I recommend you watch my videos at: www.to-do-videos.com to do this.

First MYN Principle: FRESH Prioritization

Now that you've been using the system a bit, have you noticed that your Opportunity Now section is getting big? Have you thought to yourself, "Wow, there are a lot of tasks here. Which ones should I consider first?" FRESH Prioritization is a simple and natural answer. You implement it by using start dates on all your tasks and sorting them a certain way. It is very simple to do, and it's an important new principle of automated task management.

What Is FRESH Prioritization?

If you've ever used a paper-based approach to task management in which you create a new page for each day, you'll recognize exactly what this is and why it's valuable.

In most paper calendar journals and to-do journals, you start a new page for each day and focus on that page throughout the day. In the morning you'll stop for a moment and think about what's important and add those to the new page. You'll add more throughout the day as new tasks come in. Think about the implications of doing this: you're emphasizing new tasks you are thinking of now over older incomplete tasks that may be listed in older pages of your journal. In other words, the newer tasks get more attention by putting them on today's page.

Of course, when you started the new page for the day, you may have glanced back to your previous pages to see if there were any to-dos that had not yet been completed.

And if you found some that were really important, you may have copied those forward to the new page. But the less important, uncompleted tasks you probably left on the older pages knowing that you could always flip back and find those if you needed to.

This is what FRESH Prioritization does. It's based on that same paper-based experience where newer tasks warrant more attention, and older ones less, unless you promote specific older ones. If you used that approach in a paper system, I bet that intuitively felt correct to you. That's because the priorities of your company, your boss, and you *do* in fact often change quickly over time. And the newer tasks you write down *do* tend to represent the latest priorities. Because of this process, these paper systems were in a way *self-cleaning*—as you turned the pages only tasks with newer priorities stayed in the forefront; the older, deader tasks fell out of sight.

What I call FRESH Prioritization is just the computer equivalent of doing that. It's a way of managing a computerized list of tasks that imitates that convenient behavior of those older paper systems.

This can be done easily in any computerized to-do list that has any kind of date field—but it's best done using the *Start Date* field. In both Outlook and Toodledo, we simply make sure *all* tasks have a start date assigned. And we make a default setting such that today's date is automatically inserted in the Start Date field of all new tasks. You then set

the sorting such that tasks with newer start dates sort to the top. And that's it—that's all it takes to implement FRESH Prioritization. With this approach, the tasks you see first at the top of your Opportunity Now list are probably going to be ones with the most energy and most freshness. They tend to be your most important optional tasks.

And by the way, FRESH is an acronym that stands for Fresh Requests Earn Sorting Higher; it's a statement of the underlying principle.

Some Older Tasks Are Still Important

Now, not all tasks lose importance over time. So, if you look lower in your Opportunity Now list and see some tasks that are still very important and they seem positioned too low, all you need to do is set the start date of those to a more recent date (today, yesterday, or a few days ago), and that will move those tasks up higher in your list. This allows you to reprioritize on the fly. Don't set them to the future yet though—I discuss using future start dates in the next section.

One last thing. FRESH Prioritization does not really work in Microsoft To-Do since it does not have a start date field.

Target Now Tasks

In MYN, if you set the start date to today within the Opportunity Now list, that designates a Target Now task—this a fourth and optional urgency zone in MYN. These are tasks you'd very much like to do today, but they are not

absolutely due today. Setting the start date to today forces them to the top of the Opportunity Now section where they stand out. In Outlook MYN settings, to make them stand out even more, these tasks are underlined (you'll see that ahead). In Toodledo MYN settings, these tasks are highlighted in black—you'll see that ahead as well.

And this is another area where Microsoft To-Do does not work well since it does not have a start date field. But you can use the My Day feature of To-Do to accomplish this.

Get Accustomed to Start Dates

This system of sorting by start date to implement FRESH Prioritization helps keep your task list fresh and more usable. In fact it's exactly opposite to how most other task systems work with their default configurations. For example, out-of-the-box Outlook sorts the oldest incomplete tasks to the top of the list. It then turns them bright red to suggest that these are the ones you should do first. This is based on 75-year-old principles of task management that I feel just do not work anymore. And that's why I think most people give up on most automated task management systems—because they highlight old, dead tasks. Such systems don't feel right and we get frustrated and give up on them. FRESH Prioritization solves that.

And using Target Now tasks, which are Opportunity Now tasks with a start date of today, is an excellent way to indicate your most important noncritical tasks.

So, start paying attention to the start dates in your tasks. Once you turn on the MYN settings in Outlook or Toodledo (discussed next), start dates and FRESH Prioritization will be set automatically. You'll soon be changing the start dates as needed to sort your list appropriately.

Don't Use a Due Date, Use a Start Date!

The concept of using a start date brings up another important new principle of task management. That's to favor start dates on all tasks, rather than due dates, when scheduling tasks.

What do I mean by that?

You've probably heard the maxim "If you don't set a due date on something it won't get done." This principle sounds very proactive. It is the reason nearly all to-do list software programs and apps have a Due Date field on their tasks. Nearly all paper task lists also show a Due Date space for you to write in.

But setting a due date for all tasks is another one of those old principles that sound good but don't in fact work.

Why doesn't it work? Because you're trying to trick yourself and you aren't that easily tricked. It's like the person who sets his wristwatch ahead ten minutes thinking he'll be on time for all meetings from then on. But after a few days he mentally adjusts to the time change and starts being late again. It's the same with artificial due dates. If you set a date that's fake, later, when you see it, you'll know it's fake and

you'll ignore it. In fact you may miss some important deadlines because you'll get in the habit of ignoring all due dates you write down.

Now, that said, big projects should probably have deadlines. But you normally don't list big projects on your to-do list; rather, you tend to put smaller tasks there. And most of those do not have deadlines; they are intermediate steps that eventually may lead to larger outcomes. I discuss how to show big tasks like this ahead.

So, don't write a due date on a task unless there truly is a deadline for that task. I'll review some of the rules that I have for setting deadlines on tasks in a moment.

Set Start Dates on All Tasks

While I want you to ignore the old "always use a due date" rule, here is an important corresponding MYN rule that I *do* want you to follow: set a start date on *all* your tasks. *Why?* A start date in MYN plays two very important roles. The first role is what we just described above: a way to control FRESH Prioritization. Old tasks are allowed to drift lower in your list and new tasks automatically go near the top. And you can override that. For example, if you want to see an older task at the top of your Opportunity Now list, set the start date to today. And if you have a new task that is not very important and you want to see it listed below your other tasks, set the start date to an older date, further in the past—that will cause it to drop down in your list. Again, this is FRESH

Prioritization at work and it does a fantastic job.

But the other role of the start date comes into play when you begin setting start dates to the *future*. Doing that allows you to *schedule when tasks will appear on your list*.

Essentially, what the future start date tells you is this: this is the date you want to first *see* the task or when you want to *start thinking about doing* the task. When you make my recommended settings in MYN-configured Outlook or Toodledo (described ahead), a future-dated task will be hidden until the start date arrives. So, in essence, this is not a *due* date but rather it is a “*do*” date. It’s the day you want to start thinking about *doing* the activity in the task.

Doing it this way removes the artificial deadline quality of using a due date on tasks that don’t really need them, something that is very discouraging. Using a start date more accurately captures your intention. When you set a future start date, you are merely committing to reconsider this task again, not swearing a blood oath to complete it on that future day. You can also set a separate deadline for some of those tasks but you do that only for those that really deserve it. What a refreshing and more accurate approach to work! By the way, tasks postponed to a future date like this I call *Defer-to-Do* tasks.

When you’ve got a lot of tasks on your list, using *Defer-to-Do* tasks is a good way to shorten your list—it allows you to hide tasks you don’t need to think about right now.

Modifying Your Software for MYN

Now that you have worked your way through various introductory principles of MYN, let's turn on the full MYN settings in Outlook or Toodledo. This will activate the Start Date field and the capability to hide tasks with future start dates—two things that meet our immediate needs.

But turning on the full MYN settings also does a lot more. Here's a complete list of all the changes turning on these settings makes and how it helps you manage your workday.

- As mentioned, it activates the Start Date field, which you'll need to use for all tasks.
- It hides tasks with future start dates, useful for Defer-to-Do tasks.
- It fully hides completed tasks.
- It clearly displays the Priority column, since it's your most important field.
- It sets the sorting by Priority first, and then by Start Date *descending* within each Priority group. This enables urgency-zone sorting and FRESH Prioritization within the Opportunity Now group.
- It activates default values for all new tasks as follows: start date is set to Today and priority is set to Medium; these defaults make sense for the MYN system.
- It adds a number of other complementary sort settings to optional views.
- In Toodledo it adds the Trashcan column to allow you to delete tasks more easily.

Turning on Outlook MYN Configurations

In Outlook you have two options for adding the MYN settings, or configurations, to the software. You can add them manually by pulling down menus and making settings on hidden setting screens in Outlook. The disadvantage of doing this is that a ton of steps are required. In my Outlook book I spend 20 pages showing those steps. That is a lot of work, and later you might lose the settings by clicking in the wrong place or due to a bug in Outlook that periodically throws out custom settings.

The better way to add the settings is to install an Outlook add-in module on your Windows computer called MYN Views. This module was created by, and is supported by, a company called ClearContext Inc. As of this writing, the module costs US\$15 to purchase, but it is well worth it. Note, I don't make any money on your purchase of this software, but I endorse it and actively recommend it because I know how much time this can save my readers, both in initial setup and in restoring the settings should they get lost. Go to www.mynviews.com to obtain the software. Or first watch this free video that shows you how to use that software; that way you can study it first. Go to: www.1MTD.biz/mvc.htm, and scroll down to Preview video #29.

Again, your other option in Outlook is to implement these settings manually. To do that, study Lesson (chapter 3 in my Outlook book *Total Workday Control Using Microsoft Outlook* and hand-enter the changes. Or you might

Figure 7. Outlook with MYN configurations

TASK SUBJECT	START DATE
Click here to add a new Task	
Priority: High: 2 item(s)	
! FJon Samulsen: marketing report	9-Jan-17
! Study travel details on this deal	8-Jan-17
Priority: Normal: 12 item(s)	
DUE Jan 11 Submit Sales Proposal	9-Jan-17
Clean up Jones file	9-Jan-17
DUE Jan 14 Develop Accounting project plan	9-Jan-17
Read article about new Apple phone	9-Jan-17
DUE Jan 11: Set meeting with Sal	9-Jan-17
Call Steve	7-Jan-17
DUE Jan 14 Finalize sales report for Feb	7-Jan-17
Create Tim Bishop Sales Proposal	6-Jan-17
Schedule initial planning mtg	5-Jan-17
Study the Updated Supplier List and get back to Jim	4-Jan-17
call Jon about attached doc	4-Jan-17
Study the Updated Supplier List	3-Jan-17
Priority: Low: 7 item(s)	
↓ Schedule PM training	6-Jan-17
↓ complete accounting training	6-Jan-17
↓ Watch this event online	6-Jan-17
↓ Study kindle pc on windows tablet	6-Jan-17
↓ consider the book Tipping Point	6-Jan-17
↓ Design new Status Report	6-Jan-17
↓ submit revised copyright forms	6-Jan-17

purchase my MYN Outlook Complete Video Training at www.1MTD.biz/mvc.htm and study the full MYN Outlook material.

Figure 7 shows how your Outlook To-Do Bar tasks list should look once you turn on or hand configure the MYN settings. Notice the Start Date field and the descending sorting of the start dates. That's exactly what you want to see—it's FRESH Prioritization in action.

Turning on Toodledo MYN Preconfigurations

The makers of Toodledo have provided a one-step settings change that implements all the MYN settings at once, and like the Toodledo software itself, this feature is free. Again, you could make all these settings one at a time by hand in Toodledo, but the easiest way is to activate the MYN preconfigurations. So, at this point, Toodledo users, please follow the steps listed at this link: www.1MTD.biz/TD.html.

Figure 8 shows how your Toodledo list should look once you turn on the MYN configurations. Among other changes, notice the Start Date field and the descending sorting of the start dates. That's exactly what you want to see—it's FRESH Prioritization in action.

Figure 8. Toodledo with MYN configurations

Priority	Task	Start Date	Due Date	Repeat
2 High				
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 High Review HP TouchPad	Jul 05	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 High Learn More About Toodledo	Jul 04	Aug 02	Weekly
<input type="checkbox"/>	2 High find copy editor.	Jun 26	no date	None
1 Medium				
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium quick task	Today	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium Call Bill-tax prep	Jul 08	Aug 02	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium Sign up for Linenberger's complete ToodleDo 1MTD vide...	Jul 01	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium Study new 401K regulations	Jun 30	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium Renew business license	Jun 27	Aug 01	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	1 Medium Call Jim about report	Jun 21	no date	None
0 Low				
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low New Low Priority Task	Today	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low Find landscaper	Jul 14	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low Consider buying book Tipping Point	Jul 06	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low Redesign Filing System and Cabinets	Jun 27	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low FW: Question about moving into a new role and readjust...	Jun 26	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low Study new tax laws	Jun 22	no date	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	0 Low sign up for advanced MYN training	Jun 22	no date	None

Mobile Settings

By the way, if you are using the mobile apps for use with Outlook or Toodledo—the ones I introduced in Chapter 8—you may recall that, in the write-ups I provided, there were optional settings for MYN. Now is the time to go back and restudy those write-ups and change your settings following the MYN steps. That way your mobile apps will match MYN settings.

Using Start Dates in MYN

Now that the MYN settings are in your copy of Outlook or Toodledo, and perhaps even in your smartphone, start using them. Start dates represent the “secret sauce” of MYN, so you should now add start dates to all your tasks.

In MYN, I normally recommend you enter a start date of today on new tasks. But if you’ve been using 1MTD for a while before studying this chapter, you probably have a lot of tasks already entered. If so, don’t just add a start date of today to all of those. Instead I suggest you modify your existing tasks by entering a range of start dates on them, as I describe in the following bulleted exercises. I recommend you do each bullet exercise below, and in order—don’t skip any. In Toodledo I would do these in the web app. And in that web app, be sure to refresh the screen each time after you enter a few start dates so you can see how the tasks are sorted with the new dates added. In both Outlook and Toodledo, these changes will also sync into your

smartphone app, should you be using one.

Here are the steps to help adjust your current list of 1MTD tasks to match MYN's use of start dates:

- For all Critical Now tasks currently in your list, enter a start date of today.
- In your Opportunity Now section, identify three to five items you really want to do today, and set the start date to today. They will list at the top of that section. In Outlook they will be underlined, and in Toodledo they will be black. In MYN these are called your Target Now tasks, as I described a few pages above. They are your non-critical tasks that you really want to do today.
- For the other tasks in your Opportunity Now list, decide which are your second most important tasks and set a start date of yesterday on them. Notice they list below the underlined items.
- Keep entering older start dates to place your tasks in an appropriate order within the Opportunity Now list.
- Use a similar approach in the Over-the-Horizon section, using start dates to sort items there—but if you have a lot of tasks there and this becomes tedious, don't get too carried away. I'll show you a better approach for using start dates in the Over-the-Horizon section in the pages ahead. It's called Defer-to-Review.
- Next, in the Opportunity Now section, as an exercise do this: enter a task with a future start date—one you don't need to see for a few days. When you save it (and in Toodledo after

you refresh the screen), notice that it is hidden. It will show up on the list when its start date arrives. When it shows up it will be at the top of its urgency-zone section. In Outlook it will be underlined, which draws your attention to it, and in Toodledo it will be black. This is called Defer-to-Do and this is a great way to shorten the list you see every day. It's an excellent way to schedule tasks to a future date when it is best to consider them. Go through your current tasks list and do this for all tasks that you don't need to see today.

That's it. Those exercises will give you a feel for how to use start dates in MYN and they will get your current list sorted in a powerful way.

Here's one important point when upgrading from 1MTD to MYN. As you can see, start dates are how you sort tasks within urgency zones in MYN. So some of the things I showed in the 1MTD videos you'll no longer do. Specifically, you'll no longer be dragging tasks into position in Outlook. And you'll no longer be putting numbers at the start of tasks in Toodledo. Use the start date field from now on to sort your tasks as described above.

Shouldn't you also be showing deadlines on tasks? After all, some of your tasks might be due on a certain date and setting some due dates seems natural. I'll show you how to set deadlines in a moment. But first, let's cover something else because it is related: Significant Outcomes.

Bigger Things: Managing Your Significant Outcomes on Your To-Do List

Now is a good time to raise a topic that will fine-tune the way you manage your tasks and workday.

As you learned early in this book, 1MTD is based on managing *urgency*. For example, you use urgency zones as the primary way to organize your tasks. The main purpose of 1MTD is to make sure that you get urgency under control early in the day and throughout the day. That way you can focus on your more important work with a calmer state of mind and a more creative perspective.

So, once you get urgency under control, where do you list the larger, more important things that you need to get done during the week? In other words, when you've put out the fires, what next things do you focus on to get back to your main work? Where do you list the larger accomplishments you wish to make progress on this week and beyond?

I call these larger accomplishments Significant Outcomes, or SOCs for short. If you think about it, they don't really fit in the three urgency zones. For example, they don't belong in the Critical Now section because most of these are not critically due today. And if you list them in the Opportunity Now section they may get lost among the smaller to-dos that you have listed there. So, I recommend you list them *separately* from the three urgency zones.

If you are using the paper system that I showed you in Chapter 2, I recommend you create a section above the

three urgency zones labeled Significant Outcomes, and list there the three or four large accomplishments you want to make progress on this week. In fact, my advanced Word 1MTD templates do this. If you are using the paper system, you can download them from the following link. Go to: www.1MTD.biz/1MTD-TemplateAdv.doc.

Showing SOC's in Outlook

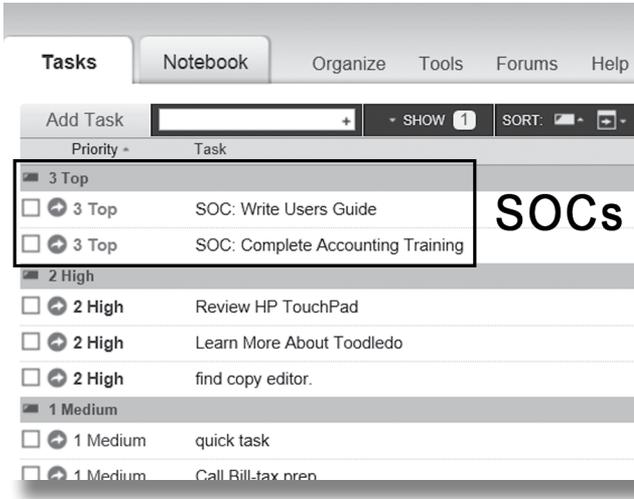
In Outlook, I recommend placing SOC tasks as a nonblocking Monday through Friday appointment on your Outlook calendar. That way they list at the top of each day, reminding you often that these are your major goals for the week. Label that appointment "SOC:" and then after the colon list the two or three large accomplishments you want to make progress on this week.

Showing SOC's in Toodledo

If you are using Toodledo, you can use the same SOC calendar approach I described above for Outlook, assuming you are using Outlook or something similar as your Calendar. But Toodledo has another very good way to indicate SOC's. How? Well, we use a new Priority field level in Toodledo.

You may have noticed that Toodledo has five priority levels assignable within its Priority field, and we've been using only three of them so far: High, Medium, and Low. One of the additional priority levels is called Top and we can use it in our system. So, what we're going to do is assign the priority Top to any item that we want to designate as a SOC for

Figure 9. Toodledo with Significant Outcomes (SOCs)



the week—just do that when you create the tasks. Then, in the browser version of Toodledo, these items will sort above your urgency-zone list and stand out prominently. Figure 9 shows how that looks in your task list.

Using SOC in Outlook and Toodledo

Using Significant Outcomes highlights items that represent relatively major efforts you have under way that you want to make progress on this week. These might be projects you are working on or large deliverables due later in the week.

Once you start using SOC, you'll get in the following habit: you'll get your urgent items under control, you'll take a deep breath, and then you'll look at your SOC list and work

on them for much of the day. You'll also get in the habit of reserving the urgency-zone items (the High, Medium, and Low priority items) for smaller next-action tasks; you'll put all larger project-style tasks in the SOC list.

But don't get carried away. I recommend having no more than three or four SOCs in your list for the week; if you have more, they become a blur. To shorten your current list, you can set future start dates on some of your SOCs to hide them until a later date, a date when you may have more time to work on them.

Going Mobile with SOCs

Most of us have a calendar app on our smartphones that syncs with our computer calendar. So if you use the Outlook approach I described above, your SOCs will appear there automatically.

In Toodledo, the separate Top priority section that I showed in Figure 9 also shows up in the mobile versions of Toodledo. So, you can use those mobile apps to highlight your SOCs while on the road.

Using Deadlines

Recall that I said you should not set a due date on every task? I commented that most tasks in fact do not have deadlines. But some do, so you may be wondering when and how to show deadlines on tasks. Let's talk about that.

First, some background. The reason most tasks do not have true deadlines is that the true deadlines usually reside

in the larger outcomes that you're trying to reach. If a big project is coming due, the project itself has a deadline, but the smaller pieces leading up to that completion have more flexibility regarding when you can complete them. So, it makes sense to put deadlines on your SOC tasks but not on all your urgency-zone tasks (the High, Medium, and Low priority tasks).

Use the DUE Notation

That said, some of the tasks in your urgency-zone list will in fact have deadlines. So, how do you show those?

One way is to do it as I suggested at the beginning of this book; you simply type the due date right in front of the subject line of the task. So, for example, "DUE April 15 Tax Submission." Then set the start date well ahead of the deadline so you see the task early. That way, as this task floats in your to-do list for a while, every time you review your list you'll see that deadline notation and you'll pay attention to it—especially as the actual deadline gets closer. On the morning the deadline arrives, if it's still not done, move the item to the Critical Now section.

Put Some Deadlines on Your Calendar

Some deadlines require additional work at the time the task is to be turned in. For example, a report may require printing and collating as the last stage of the work—that may take an hour or more. In cases like this, I recommend you put an entry on your calendar to set aside the time needed

to do that final work on the deadline day. And you may want to set a reminder alert that pops up on or before the appointment to remind you to start work on it early.

Outlook's Due Date Field

You would think that if you had a true deadline on a task that you would put it in Outlook's Due Date field. However, the design of the Due Date field in Outlook is flawed in such a way that prevents it from being used in MYN. Here's what I mean by that.

In Outlook, the Due Date field is linked to the Start Date field. As a result, Outlook forces you to set a due date on any task that has a start date set on it; once you set the Start Date field, Outlook automatically populates the Due Date field—you cannot leave it blank. Since all our tasks in the MYN system have a start date, that makes it look like they all have due dates even when they don't. For that reason, I tell my students to ignore the Due Date field when using Outlook tasks with MYN—just let it autopopulate and ignore its value. Instead, I suggest you use the DUE notation in the subject line, the way I showed you a moment ago.

Toodledo's Due Date Field

Toodledo also has a Due Date field built in to its system. This is another place where I like Toodledo better than Outlook.

In Toodledo there is no link between the Start Date and Due Date fields—that means you can use the Due Date field *effectively* for setting deadlines. In fact, Toodledo has a number of built-in features that help you track due dates. Here are a few:

- If a task has a Due Date field set, Toodledo will turn those fields red when that date arrives.
- Toodledo has a number of optional *views* you can activate that will highlight tasks with upcoming due dates.
- Toodledo also has an optional reminder feature that prompts Toodledo to send you an SMS message or an e-mail message at the date and time the task is due.

Describing how to use all these features is beyond the scope of this book. For detailed instructions, check out my Full MYN Toodledo video class. Here again is the link: www.1MTD.biz/ftd.htm.

And finally, in Microsoft To-Do the Due Date field works well also.

Defer-to-Review

Recall that the Over-the-Horizon list is a great place to store excess tasks that you don't have time to work on this week. By using it, you can easily get your Opportunity Now list down to 20 or fewer items. Since you check the Over-the-Horizon list only once per week, its larger size is not such an issue.

But after a while, your Over-the-Horizon list will get so big that you won't want to review it even once per week. I find that if it is larger than about 75 items, I stop reviewing it. Perhaps yours has gotten that big already. If so, it's time for you to start using a new MYN process called *Defer-to-Review*.

Background of Defer-to-Review

Much of what we've talked about in this chapter has been about how to manage a long list of Opportunity Now items. Using the Start Date field creatively was our main way of doing that. For example, setting future start dates helps decrease the size of the Opportunity Now list. And sorting newer start dates to the top (FRESH Prioritization) makes sure the most important tasks are at the top of the Opportunity Now list. With FRESH Prioritization, even if you have a long list you'll see the key ones first.

That said, you still should keep the Opportunity Now list below about 20 items; if it contains many more than that you will not review it completely each day. So, moving items to the Over-the-Horizon section is your main way of getting the Opportunity Now list below 20 items.

But that gets us back to the problem—the Over-the-Horizon section will, after a few months, get too big to review even once a week; you'll just give up. And if you give up on the Over-the-Horizon section, you'll stop trusting it as a place to store longer-term tasks; then the whole 1MTD

system will break down. So when your Over-the-Horizon section exceeds about 75 tasks, you need to adopt a new process for that section. That process is called Defer-to-Review and it works great in automated systems like Outlook and Toodledo. It also works in To-Do, albeit in a different way.

How Defer-to-Review Works

The way it works is simple: you make one change in how you place items in the Over-the-Horizon list. As before, you set the priority to Low to move a task there. But the change is this: you set a start date on that item *to a future date when you next want to review it*. That's it. Now, since these start dates are future dates, given the settings we just made in this chapter, those tasks will be *hidden* until that date arrives. If you set appropriate future start dates, the result is you will have only a few tasks to review each week in the Over-the-Horizon section—problem solved!

What future start dates should you use? For some items, your desired next review date may be next week (if it's really important). But most items you don't need to review every week. Most items can wait three weeks, four weeks, or even more. Many can wait several months between reviews because they just aren't that important. Set whatever is appropriate for each task.

For example, perhaps you wanted to check in with a sales prospect, and it really should be done as soon as

possible, but you moved it to the Over-the-Horizon section because this week was just too packed. That one you probably want to review again next week. In contrast, let's say you have a wish-list task like "redecorate the office." That one you may only want to review seasonally—say, every three months. Defer-to-Review is perfect for making these distinctions and so keeping your weekly review load low.

One other thing. Since your Over-the-Horizon reviews are normally done on Mondays, you should be sure to set the future review dates to some future Monday. That way all the items pop up only on that day of the week. Or, if your review date is a different day, use that day of the week instead.

One result of Defer-to-Review is that your Monday review will now be a bit different. Each Monday a small number of Over-the-Horizon tasks will pop into the Low priority section of Outlook or Toodledo, and into the top of the Defer-to-Review list in To-Do. You should then process each task as follows: If the task can and should wait longer, set a new future Monday start date on the task and it will disappear again. Or, if the task needs more urgent attention this week, set the priority to High or Medium and that will move it into the upper section of your MYN tasks list. Keep processing each task like that until your Over-the-Horizon section is completely emptied; then repeat this each week.

And that's it; that's how to get control of a long Over-the-Horizon list. With this new process you see only a few

Over-the-Horizon tasks each week—only those that need attention. No longer will an overflowing task list haunt you!

For more detailed instructions on Defer-to-Review and other related aspects of MYN, check out the advanced trainings I described earlier.

Wrap-up

This was the longest chapter in the book, but for good reason. It taught you all the things you need to get you to the next level of task management—the MYN level. You may want to study this chapter again, after you have used the system for a few weeks. That way you will get the most out of the material here.

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Reviewing the One Minute To-Do List

That's it! You've just learned the complete 1MTD system. And perhaps you even advanced on to the MYN system. In either case, I bet you are feeling that your workday is now well under control. If you've done this correctly, you now have a nice compact list that shows you what you need to do next and how urgent those tasks are. Everything else is well scheduled and out of sight so it doesn't add unnecessary stress to your day.

You are confidently adding items to that list as you get them and then only working them in priority order. You're no longer working on tasks just because you see them in front of you. Rather, you know the true urgency of your tasks now—you are working the ones that truly need urgent attention and postponing the ones that do not. And with your urgent tasks either scheduled or completed, you are calmly focusing on your most important work, your

significant outcomes—you are making great progress on those things that really matter at work.

You are also transferring action e-mails to your to-do list so that you can track them along with the other work you need to do—in priority order. As a result, you no longer waste time doing low-priority e-mail actions just because they are in front of you.

All these simple yet powerful processes really do work well. They allow you to feel and *be* in control and well ahead of your work.

Review of Key 1MTD (and MYN) Rules

Let's quickly review how to use 1MTD; doing so will help solidify the principles. These principles are also the basis of the MYN system you may have advanced to in Chapter 9.

Urgent tasks that must be completed today are put in the Critical Now section; that's the High priority section in Outlook and Toodledo. It's the flagged portion of To-Do. Tasks that you would *like* to do today or this week but that can wait up to ten days are placed in the Opportunity Now section; that's the Normal priority section in Outlook and the Medium priority section in Toodledo and the non-flagged portion of To-Do. And tasks that can wait ten days or longer, perhaps much longer, are placed in the Over-the-Horizon section; this is the Low priority section in Outlook and in Toodledo. How to do this in To-Do varies (see the videos at: www.to-do-videos.com).

To keep the size of this list well controlled, you should have no more than five items in the Critical Now list, and likely much fewer. You should have no more than 20 items in the Opportunity Now list. And you'll place all other items in the Over-the-Horizon section.

You will review the Critical Now section approximately once per hour. You will review the Opportunity Now section at least once per day. And you will review the Over-the-Horizon section once per week. And to keep the size of the Over-the-Horizon section under control, if it gets over 75 items you'll use the Defer-to-Review process (Chapter 9) for setting future start dates at reasonable review cycles for each task.

Finally, you'll try to write all tasks as next actions—the very next distinct step you can take that will move a task forward. If you do that, you might want to use Significant Outcomes (Chapter 9) to track larger tasks.

Those are the key rules. As you can see, this is a very simple system. With a little effort, you can get a huge amount of control over your workday.

Track All Tasks in This System

Because the system is so effective, I encourage you to immediately start using it as the *one* place you keep all your tasks. This means that as tasks arrive in your inbox you copy them into your task system and manage them along with your other tasks. This also means that if tasks arrive in your

voicemail you make a notation for each in your to-do list. If you have tasks that you jotted down in meeting notes or from phone calls or even from hallway conversations, immediately place those tasks in your list so you can track them as well. A serene sense of control will surround you once you can clearly see everything you need to do in one succinct list. It is the essence of workday control. Start using this list for all your tasks today.

Next Steps

If you have used the 1MTD for a while and are ready to learn more, consider some of the advanced resources that we offer on our website. For example, there is a lot more to learn about Toodledo; the Full MYN Toodledo Video training I mentioned earlier goes well beyond what is covered in this book (go to: www.1MTD.biz/ftd.htm).

And if you would like to take Outlook beyond what I showed you so far, note that there is a lot more to learn about Outlook. Our offerings include the *Total Workday Control Using Microsoft Outlook* book, self-study video training, and more. If you manage a group at your place of work, consider having an onsite training for your entire group. Here again is the link that that lists all these options: Go to: www.1MTD.biz/outlook-classes.html.

You can also use the contact information on my website (www.michaellinenberger.com) to reach a live person to discuss those advanced training options.

In Conclusion

Congratulations on completing a powerful course of study. You've done well, you've learned how to manage your tasks, and you now have your workday under control.

It's surprising, isn't it? You used to think that a to-do list was just a simple list of items. But over time you probably found that it didn't work very well even if you used it consistently. Now you know that creating an effective to-do list doesn't have to be hard, but it requires a bit of intelligent thought—that there is a way to make it work. By using the new 1MTD principles, you really can keep your day under control; you really can get ahead of your day. Don't forget these simple principles—they may seem very basic but they are very, very powerful.

And even though it takes only one minute to review or add current tasks to your 1MTD list, sometimes you'll get behind in using it. If you do, don't despair. One of the nice things about this system is that if you get behind for a few days or even weeks, it's very easy to get caught up. All you need to do is apply the core principles: sort the tasks into the three urgency zones, use the basic rules on how many tasks are allowed in each section—and you're there! You can usually dig out of the mess within a short amount of time. But it's better not to let yourself get behind in the first place—use this list every day and you'll be amazed at the

sense of freedom it brings you. Enjoy the newfound confidence you gain in your ability to get things done. Recognize these life-changing skills you now have and use them regularly. You'll be glad you did!